We received the following article from an RW reporter who has been in Youngstown with the Revolutionary May Day Brigades.

Youngstown, Ohio. Before reaching my destination, I was deep in thought, wondering about the people in this area, the Mahoning Valley. In December, steelworkers from this dying steel town had stormed the streets of Pittsburgh, Pa. to protest the closing of the largest mill in the valley, U.S. Steel. And just a few short weeks ago, many of these same workers shot past the union leaders who were trying to cool them down, swept into the corporate offices of U.S. Steel venting their anger.

The actions had made headlines coast to coast and in the days to come, I would learn a thing or two about what Continued on page 8

4000 Stand Up For Black Man Slain by Cops

Some came in their Sunday best, others in their work clothes. On Tuesday, February 19, 4000 outraged Blacks had come to take a stand. Garbage men, mechanics, day laborers, cab drivers, city workers, preachers, school teachers and street people filled the church for the funeral of Bruce W. Griffith, a Black man murdered by D.C. police for allegedly killing a cop. Their voices rang out in anger as they sang out "I decided long ago never to walk in anyone's shadow... No matter what they take from me, they can't take away my dignity..." (from the theme song of the movie, "The Greatest"). As Griffith's casket passed through the crowd, clenched fists were raised in a salute—a salute that concentrated the hatred etched in people's faces, the determination to end their oppression in the developing storm of struggle ahead.

This show of strength and solidarity freaked out the ruling class. Days later, they were still trying to explain it away. "It was curiosity, that's the reason they came," "There's really no way to explain it." But 4000 people came, and the clenched fists in the crowd stated why they did! Griffith's funeral was Continued on page 16.

May Day Brigade in Oakland, California, Feb. 18. For more coverage of Brigade actions around the country, see page 9.
Winter Olympics: U.S. Superpower Super-bomb

They say that TV producers can perform magic, that they are wizards, that the hand is quicker than the eye. How they managed to edit these scenes out is beyond me. But this is the best possible testimony to their skill. Fortunately a friend at the studio saved the film from the cutting room floor and gave us the opportunity to see and hear what we’d only guesstimated at before.

Trumpets blare, the parades mark the entries of large, long waving flags from under their U.S. chaise. The screen darkens, across it runs a logo for the Winter Olympics. The background is dark, skyscrapers scrutinizing the like trackers and glorifying the performance of the city being sheltered at night.

The picture cuts to the ABC broadcast booth where the sports team is bundled together with their backs to the camera, planning the show that’s about to go on the air. Jim McKay: Goddamn guys! I don’t know what the hell we’re going to do about it. The only events we’ve won any medals in is speed skating and how many times can we interview Eric Heiden about his victories. Boy, that Beth, she sure missed things up for us. Just one measly bronze medal. Oh, and we do have the hockey team too. But let’s face it, this whole thing has been a disaster. I mean we can’t even set up blue transportation worth a damn, not to mention win any medals. Moscow has the better of us. If we can’t pull this off how the hell are we going to win a world war? (McKay realizes the cameras are rolling.)

McKay: Oh... Welcome to tonight’s highlights of the XIII Winter Olympics, the so-called real game right here at home in Lake Placid, New York, USA. I’m Jim McKay for ABC. We got a great night ahead, brought to us by Stanley Tools, defectors who can ice skate and a whole group of people that I’m proud to have as one of my friends. I’ll say that to you how wonderful America is, that she person, no matter what color or creed, is a marvel for words when Tai and Randy. McKay: Dick: Uh well, you know it could be Tai and Randy out there, ha, ha... dust off the old glasses guys... .

Ziggy: Jim, I of all people, should know what an American looks like, and they are no American gold, right Dick? McKay: You bet, and here comes the first pair, obviously foreigners Jim. You can tell just by looking at her and while they’re trying, it’s easy to see they’re not free (film of them over the hill trolley). Not a thing away from them, of course, they are outstanding competitors, even if they’re paid by their country to skate. McKay: Sure hate to see them run away with any American gold, right Dick? Dick: You bet, and here comes the first pair, obviously foreigners Jim. You can tell just by looking at her and while they’re trying, it’s easy to see they’re not free (film of them over the hill trolley). Not a thing away from them, of course, they are outstanding competitors, even if they’re paid by their country to skate. McKay: That’s something I’ve been wanting to get into, the gold thing, it damn well better come home, nobody’ll touch the dollar, even the damn government. In Lake Placid wanted a thrilling to get it up to the studio!

Dick: (interrupting)... Wait Jim! Randy’s down, my god, he’s been shot! This is tragic, he can barely get off the ice... look at Tai, the tears streaming down her face. My God, she brings to mind Jackie K. in Dallas.

McKay: Uh, Dick, you know it could be just that old injury acting up. While you’re checking why don’t we talk to those fabulous defectors Oleg and Ludmilla Protopopov. (They enter) Ziggy, they’re your witnesses, why don’t you take it away?

Ziggy: Well, I guess you two would have to say you wouldn’t be here on ABC Sports if you were still in Russia. And I’m sure watching the skating points out how clearly victory means nothing if you’re not free (film of them over the hill trolley). So... As you know we are artists, dancers, we are sensitive people. When we’re on the ice, we are one with each other, with the wind, with our spirits. What matters is the freedom to skate, to create, to express...

Ziggy: What the hell are you talking about?

---Continued on page 12---
Iran’s Islamic government appears to be readjusting itself for battle—against the Iranian people. On Monday, February 18, the new President, Bani-Sadr, was also given control of the military, becoming Iran’s commander-in-chief of the armed forces. The next day the Iranian government announced it agreed with a UN investigative panel coming to Tehran, setting into motion what the U.S. authorities and the Iranian bourgeoisie hope will be the “final stage” for caving in to the U.S. and selling out the Iranian people’s demand for the Shah’s return.

These two announcements signal that Iran’s bourgeoisie government is moving heavily to put a lid on the upsurge of the Iranian masses, substitute its own “business as usual” approach, and reach an accommodation with the U.S. imperialists.

Khomeini’s hand—though veiled—is apparent behind all these moves. The command structure of the armed forces is a key position that Khomeini has held on to ever since the formation of the Islamic republic. In giving Bani-Sadr the coveted post, Khomeini was reported as saying it was aimed at “consolidating power in Iran at this critical moment.”

It has become a critical moment for Iran’s capitalists. They have made the dirty deal with the U.S. imperialists, and now they are expected to deliver the goods.

When Bani-Sadr earlier announced that the Iranian government has dropped the key demand that the Shah be returned, indications of such a deal were there. Now it is a certainty. Although the U.S. government has officially denied it, ABC reported a 3-week series of secret meetings taking place in Europe between U.S. and Iranian officials and the last meeting at the highest levels between Carter chief of staff, Hamilton Jordan and Iranian foreign minister Gohndereh. Publicly the U.S. has begun defending the Iranian government, with Brezhnev even going so far as to raise the idea of future sales of parts for arms. Freaked by the Soviet invasion of Afghanistan, the U.S. is at the same time trying to make use of it to pressure Iran’s vacillating capitalists back toward the “non-aggressive” U.S., which bled Iran for 25 years. The U.S. is hard pressed to reassure Iran in its war bloc. But to accomplish this, the first necessary step is to put the screws on Iran’s capitalists to bring law and order to their country—American style.

The matter of the American hostages’ lives is not—and never was—the issue. Getting Iran’s government to deliver a stable, tightly-controlled country is. On this issue, Iran’s bourgeoisie couldn’t agree more. It is not only the Soviets these capitalists are afraid of, but people like Bani-Sadr have been afraid of the Iranian masses’ upheaval ever since the takeover. One thing they have learned since the embassy seizure is that the U.S. won’t hesitate to try to engineer a coup if they think it suits them. These Iranian capitalists were at first forced to go along some with the massive upheaval of the masses—as the only major force against imperialism. But now they have shifted—feeling safer with imperialism. The “gentlemen’s agreement” between Iran and the U.S. (as it is being called) has all the earmarks of being more like the godfather’s offer that can’t be refused. With the stakes so high, it’s now—get your house in order or else.

The U.S. press has been speculating that Iranian troops may move on the students. Behind such speculation you can almost see the U.S. Godfather nervously demanding “Well, get on with it!” In this light the surprise gesture of the government’s revolutionary guards bringing flowers to the embassy students makes it necessary to ask, what were they holding in their other hands? While the government would certainly like to keep the students peacefully giving up custody of the Americans, such a condition finds the government in a box.

For weeks the press has carefully monitored the condition of Yugoslavia’s ailing President Tito. First the leg amputation, and then every failure of another vital organ has spawned a fresh round of speculation by journalists as to whether or not Yugoslavia will continue to “chart an independent course,” and to build its “unorthodox brand of communism.” These sages from the press could learn something from the observation of a porn film maker who travelled to Yugoslavia to make a low-budget flick. “Even I can tell this isn’t socialism.” he scrawled on the back of a Yugoslav postcard featuring a woman in a togaless bikini.

The U.S. imperialists are indeed concerned about maintaining the independence of Yugoslavia—from the Soviet Union, that is. For ever since Tito was expelled from the international communist movement in 1948 for building the above unorthodox variety of capitalism, Yugoslavia has remained firmly in the U.S. orbit, very dependent on U.S. and West European capital.

After the split, Yugoslavia was only able to stay afloat with massive injections of U.S. aid—$700 million worth by 1969.

In a clear warning to the Soviets to keep their hands off U.S. turf, President Carter said last week, “Yugoslavia is a strong, friendly, independent, well-equipped nation. If we are called upon to give any kind of aid to the Yugoslav people in the future, we would seriously consider it and do what, in our opinion, would be best for them and the U.S.”

In the context of the stepped-up war moves between the two superpowers in the Middle East, the future course of Yugoslavia is of great concern to both the U.S. and the Soviet Union. Yugoslavia sits on top of the most important political fault line in the world, right between Eastern and Western Europe. In the past it has acted as a reliable buffer between the Soviet Union and the U.S.’s unallied allies on the southern flank of NATO, especially Greece and Turkey. Although Tito has always maintained that Yugoslavia is a “non-aligned” country, in reality it has functioned more like an unofficial member of NATO, and the U.S. is determined to keep it that way.

The two superpowers are keeping a close eye on Yugoslavia because Tito’s death is bound to shake things up, to bring changes to an area already marked by turmoil from Portugal to Italy. Even the “collective presidency” set up to deal with the question of Tito’s successors is symptomatic of the instability of this region, and of Yugoslavia in particular. The “collective presidency” is made up of nine members representing each of Yugoslavia’s six nationalities and two autonomous provinces. While this plan lends the appearance that no one nationality is gaining a foothold over the other, in reality it will most likely result in a fierce power struggle over who will be head of state when Tito dies.

Tito’s lingering death is prolonging the uncertainty over Yugoslavia’s future course, obviously upsetting his potential heirs. Growing impatient with the way Mother Nature is taking her time with Tito, last week they went ahead and ordered digging to begin on his burial site so they can get him into the grave as speedily as possible when he croaks, and get on with the business of fighting it out to see who will end up with the coveted post, Khomeini was reported as saying it was aimed at “consolidating power in Iran at this critical moment.”

Continued on page 14

“Revolutionary” Guard—flowers in hand, finger on trigger.
**REVOLTS ERUP T IN T URKEY**

Political turmoil in Turkey is at a fever-pitch in the wake of the most devastating economic crisis in that country since World War 2. The violent, repressive measures of the four-month-old reactionary government of the U.S.-imperialist puppet Suleyman Demirel has failed to crush the growing resistance of the people, and Turkey is on the brink of civil war.

On February 16, three policemen were killed and seven wounded during heavy fighting in the working class Gultepe district of Izmir, the third largest city in Turkey. The fighting was sparked by a fascist predawn raid on the district by a force of 2500 army men and police.

Izmir had been virtually shut down as a result of a violent economic onslaught on workers in opposition to the government’s announced wage-freeze and the skyrocketing price increases for basic necessities. The workers called their action “a dress rehearsal for a general strike,” and the militance and determination of the strikers generated widespread support throughout the country. Fearing that the workers would gain huge gains against the giant NATO installation in Izmir in an effort to arm themselves from the ground up, the government moved in full force. The Gultepe district was surrounded and blockaded. At 6:30 in the morning they advanced, crashing the barricades and beating back those who tried to hold them back. They thought they would have an easy go at it, but the workers put up stiff, determined resistance. They held their ground, thereby ending all resistance.

The workers formed new districts to defend themselves in the face of the government attack. Eighteen years ago this district was a center of the workers’ revolution in the Lake District, and in short order the fighting spread throughout the country. Fearing an end to the strike, lest its influence spread throughout the country, the government began its police raids on supermarkets in Ankara, and on February 8 six food trucks were seized in Istanbul and their contents distributed free to the urban poor of the city.

The strike in Izmir and the militant upsurge of recent weeks have been largely spontaneous, but conscious revolutionary fighters have been arming themselves, particularly in the provincial towns and the countryside. A gang of torturers whose function is to enforce the army’s advance have led to the most recent uprisings in Izmir and elsewhere.

While the battle of Izmir was raging, attacks on Istanbul University were demonstrated against the government. Police shot into the crowd, killing two. Some who ran off the campus were out of their mind with rage. Two policemen were reportedly wounded.

Stores remain closed in Istanbul as government forces step up their attacks on the workers. The workers in turn met with unyielding resistance. During one week in February eight bank agents were burned to the ground in Istanbul alone. In the capital city of Ankara military patrols virtually roamed the streets, and people have been warned to stay indoors after dark.

Demirel, the government’s tight security precautions and repressive measures, the home of two U.S. embassies, was bombed on February 18. That same day the cars of two American military personnel were set on fire in Izmir.

In early February, Demirel had announced a new austerity program ("austerity" for the already impoverished Turkish masses) that is intended to shore up Turkey’s disintegrating economy. It was, point for point, precisely the program demanded by U.S. and west European imperialists as a condition for any new economic grants or loans through the International Monetary Fund. Among other things, the IMF demanded (1) a massive devaluation of the Turkish lira, (2) an end to government subsidies to state-owned enterprises, and (3) the opening up of billion-dollar closes sectors of the economy to imperialist investment, with a guarantee against future nationalization. In addition Demirel has instituted government controls on wages and on the prices of domestic farm commodities.

Demirel’s new economic policy paves the way for a massive influx of western imperialist capital investment, for intensified economic domination of the country at the expense of the Turkish masses. The effect of the new policy was immediate and devastating. The price of fertilizers rose between 500 and 750 percent. This, combined with the freeze on prices that the peasantry can charge for their crops, will send millions of small peasants to the cities, forcing them off their land and into the urban areas where unemployment was already near 25% before the new economic program was put into effect.

This will pave the way for Turkey’s capitalists and big landowners and for U.S. and other foreign monopoly investors to buy huge acreages of land for the production of cash crops for the international market. In addition, Turkey’s food prices were previously domestically produced. The new policy has caused prices to skyrocket across the board. The prices of meat, milk, fruit and sugar as the market was doubled overnight. Electricity went up 78%, Railroad tickets went up 175% and the government tax went up 500%. Many of the bare necessities are simply not available, at any price. In one of the main food market districts in the city in the past two years, there is virtually no heating oil or light fuel. Light bulbs have become a luxury item and it has been reported that there is black market on bread. These are some of the devastating effects that have led to the most recent uprisings in the urban, working class areas. In recent weeks militants workers have staged raids on supermarkets in Ankara, and on February 3 six food trucks were seized in Istanbul and their contents distributed free to the urban poor of the city. And in the countryside this occurred a thousand times.

The volatile situation in Turkey has the rulers of the U.S. very uptight. Since they lost Iran with the downfall of their faithful lapdog Shah, Turkey has become their remaining "listening post" in the region for espionage and surveillance against the Soviet Union. The U.S. currently has over 10,000 military personnel stationed in Turkey, and their last remaining "listening posts." There are some of the conditions that have led to the most recent uprisings in the urban, working class areas.

The U.S. rulers arrogantly protest the taking of hostages at their CIA-infested embassy in Iran, yet at this very moment the entire top floor of the Prime Ministry in Ankara, Turkey is occupied by U.S. "advisors" and intelligence agents! In fact, one of the "embassy officials" whose house was bombed in Ankara was the "political counselor" to the embassy, a by now thoroughly exposed cover for CIA agents in U.S. embassies around the world.

The CIA has been instrumental in training the Turkish MIT, a vicious gang of torturers whose function is similar to that of SAVAK in Iran under the Shah’s regime. The CIA has played an active role in the so-called mop-up operations, aimed at conquering and other revolutionary activities, particularly among the workers and intellectuals in the urban areas. One such mop-up operation recently resulted in the arrests of 97 revolutionaries in a four-province area.

But this U.S.-orchestrated treachery can only serve to intensify the struggle of the Turkish people against U.S. imperialism and its domestic lackeys. Turkey is a volcano preparing to erupt. And judging by recent events in Izmir and Ankara and Istanbul, that eruption could come at any time. We have received a number of letters from people who have just recently become active members of the Revolutionary Workers. The following is an example.

Comrades,

Until late last year, I was totally unaware of the RCP. I was, previous to that, only vaguely aware of the existence of the RCP. I had heard that the revolutionary way to end this madness caused by the system of capitalism.

After talking about my feelings to a lot of my friends, I really began to have feelings of hopelessness. I started reading the Guard, hopefully at first but eventually I stopped. Now I wait impatiently each week for the next issue of the RW to arrive.

After moving from the city where I was born and raised, a year ago I was totally unaware of the RCP. I was, previously to that, exactly what I was to the outside. (Below) Part of a typical day for meat—which only causes me to eat more.

Our price list is by no means complete. We have many more people taking this weapon and joining the fight. My faith in the masses is full now and I will never feel without hope again. Long live the RCP and keep our Chairman Bob Avakian free!

A fighting Sister

St. Louis, Mo. Area

**ECONOMIC CRISIS TURKISH ECONOMY: 1980**

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**NOW IN SECOND PRINTING**

**THE TURKISH LIRA: NOT OUR EMBASSY!**

**EXCERPTS FROM A SPEECH BY BOB AVAKIAN, CHAIRMAN OF THE CENTRAL COMMITTEE OF THE REVOLUTIONARY COMMUNIST PARTY**

**NOVEMBER 18, WASHINGTON D.C.**
Beth Steel Worker Blown Up

Cannon Fodder in the Army—or—Cannon Fodder in the Factory

Seattle, Wash.—"I don't think we should have to work on the front lines of an international war. But in the Bethlehem Steel's Seattle mill, they do. Bethlehem melts down old live military ammunition as part of its scrap metal operation. And as a result of that scrap metal, powdered lead is made.

On Wednesday, Feb. 13, a load of scrap in an electric furnace exploded. Six tons of scrap containing 7,000-degree scrap, metal parts, into a furnace and onto the shop floor, where it exploded. It was as if an anti-personnel bomb blew up right in the middle of the shop. The explosion was completely unconnected to anything unusual that, not in this steel mill. Then, within minutes of the explosion, some of the scrap on the floor exploded.

Apprently the first explosion threw live military ordnance out of the furnace and onto the shop floor, where it exploded.

Beth Steel—Murder signs scrawled on plant walls reflect the simmering anger of the Bethlehem workers over the massacre.

The workers refused to start up a second furnace after the explosion occurred.

The men at the furnace, the explosion, their own search turned up several live shells among this "carefully inspected" scrap.

Beth Steel in Seattle.

As it turned out, it was indeed a bomb—one of their bombs. It was a real live U.S. ordnance anti-personnel bomb in an auto body that exploded before it could be melted down. The bomb was a anti-personnel bomb, one of those used by the submarine in the construction of the Trident submarine base in Seattle, for example. The fact that Red Martindale was killed in this recycling process means nothing to the class whose rule these weapons are meant to protect. He was part of their army—their industrial army that produces their weapons and everything else in this society. In the Factory.

This murder is a graphic example of the position of the working class under this system: cannon fodder for the army that go off to war, or in their steel houses or called factories.
GM Rocks in Linden, New Jersey

In recent weeks at the GM plant in Linden, discontent has been reported among Revolutionary Worker. The group has been increasing, workers said. The New York Times reported on May Day and 29 workers signed a telegram to the judge in Youngstown demanding the release of the Revolutionary Worker. They are opposing to these developments as a group of backward elements led by the union officials. GM committed body who is using his reputation to suppress the revolutionary spirit. These workers not only one time stopped the line when the workers were standing in water and was arrested for it. Using his cap as a censer, this descendent sorrow to speak for the workers at GM. The May Day Brigade arrived at the gates of GM the union goons and their back-ward base leaped out to rip down the May Day banner knocking some of the Brigade members to the ground. As a fight ensued, one worker was so disgusted by the reactionaries that he stopped to give a donation to the Brigade right in the middle of the fight. At the end of the shift, the Brigade returned to the plant with a leaflet: "Reactions attack May DAY, where do you stand." As the Brigade was passing out leaflets, the goons who had been organizing in the plant marauded their forces. The local union president's "caucus" came out and started swinging. All hell broke loose. Squad cars and red lights were flashing. The Brigade escaped from the police. Meanwhile 500 to 1000 workers had gathered around and the police were not well received by the crowd. The cops hustled one worker, cracking him on the head and arresting him for "disorderly conduct." The next day the marchers held a pre-U.S. rally, where they summoned the press to photograph some workers waving the American flag and carrying placards which said, "Red is better dead." Inside the plant in the face of the threat and intimidation, workers stood forward to protect one revolutionary who was attacked. A Black worker told another Revolutionary Worker in the plant that "a lot of people support what you're doing even if they are just talking about it among themselves now." Other workers tipped off one guy about a sneak attack the reactionaries were plotting. The goon attack has revealed the real contents of all their mugging off the line, "I'll show 'em who the real workers are." While mainly they just sit on top of the workers, occasion-ally they come out with the narrow line that the fight of the working class amounts to struggling not to be electrocuted while you are being exploited, just be concerned with what's two feet around you while the world is going up in smoke. Then when May Day 1980 is raised they are militant in their efforts to keep the workers blind and fog-tied. The same commitment who has loudly been proclaiming that the workers don't need to hear all this "connoisseur stuff" told one brigade, "You're not wanted at our company." He later squelched to the press that the union has repeatedly gone to the company in the past several months to ask them to get rid of the leftists at GM. How convenient these guys are for the bourgeoisie who would much rather see the workers fighting back than to let a public and open campaign which is aimed at portraying the Brigades as isolated from the workers. The New York Times reported that 1000 workers had bashed 40 leftist. The Newark Star Ledger ran a big picture of the goons with their flag right next to a picture of a copy of the Revolutionary Worker on the ground. Yes, gentlemen of the press, there are two roads—there's just one thing wrong in your little campaign. The way forward for the working class is holding the RW in one hand and stomping the red, white and blue into the ground. The scurry goons have put out the word through the UAW that they were attacked by the Brigade. As thousands of workers at GM and other plants are now debating the question of May Day and what went down, one thing is clear, the bourgeoisie has succeeded in making the big-to-do out of May Day. As the advanced workers are emboldened to step into the streets, it seems there will keen why certain people are trying so hard to convince them that May Day is a dangerous thing.

May Day Hits Lockheed

On Monday, February 15, the West Coast Regional May Day Brigade went out to the Lockheed plant in Burbank, California. This time the company unleashed some Klan-type reactionaries on the Brigade. Three dogs immediately lunged for the Black and Asian members of the Brigade just as thousands of workers began leaving the plant. Some Black workers, seeing this racist attack rushed over and jumped into the fight on the side of the Brigade. As one Brigade described the scene, "It was the red-white and blue against the red." Monday February 15th, the Brigade was welcomed back to the gates of Lockheed by many whose stomachs had been turned by the actions of the reactionaries and wanted to know more about May Day. A number of workers took stacks of leaflets from the Youngstown 10 into the plant, saying that they want to stand against the KKK trash. When the Brigade was more than a mile away from the plant 20 cops swooped in. The cops began to chant at the heads of the reactionaries shouting, "Hit the deck with your hands in the air or we'll blow your fuck­ing faces off." As people in the neighborhood began to gather another security car pulled up carrying a man wearing a trench coat and a very worried look. This was the "witness" who was having the brigadists arrested for disturbing business as usual as the Lockheed's aircraft corporation. While he conferred with the cops, the orders came over the police radio, "Search the cars for dangerous weapons." After tearing the cars apart from air filter to tire well, they found and confiscated the dangerous weapons—copies of the Revolutionary Worker and a stack of May Day leaflets.

Meanwhile in Seattle, this week, the May Day Committee and the Vietnam Veterans Against the War unfurled a May Day banner right in the middle of a launching ceremony for a submarine.
Speech by Bob Avakian to DC Volunteers

In November 1979, before the lower court’s temporary
restraint on the charges against the Mao Tsetuieh Defend­
ants, RCP Chairman Bob Avakian spoke in Wash­
ington, D.C. to a group of volunteers who had come in from all over the country to “Turn D.C. Upside Down” and spearhead the fight around this case:

It’s a tremendous thing—that so many people are here, that so many people have volunteered to join the front—and come here, to pay attention, to say right off the bat that I am to formally greet all you people on behalf of the Party and the Central Committee. I should address you from the point of view of the class conscious workers in this country, from the point of view of the masses of people—masses of people, of oppressed people, who are beginning to wage the struggle or who have been waging the struggle around the world against the system of imperialism and against reaction, what you’re doing here, joining the battle that’s being waged by people on the front ranks, is of tremendous significance. Really the eyes of people, more and more all over the country and even all over the world, are focused to a great degree on what we’re doing here.

And I think that it’s a question of people taking a very important step. I’m not here to thank you on behalf of the Party, I don’t think that’s the way to wage the struggle, we’re not seeking anything other than what they understand they have to do, once you see the need and more than that, that you understand that the revolution is an advance from the whole class of our international, and to advance in that direction. The Party tells us that our task is to advance humanity toward the commun­ism. So I don’t want to thank you, but on the other hand I think you should understand the significance of what you’re doing. I hope you’ll do it for the whole international working class, and therefore I wanted to actually specifically greet you and thank you, as I say, for the Central Committee of our Party.

The reason you’ve all come here is to represent all the people who have taken, for the work you’ve already initiated, for the work you’re waging as part of the historic cause of the interna­tional proletariat. [Applause]

Source of Knowledge

So the bourgeoisie has a very clear understanding that they have to prevent these two elements from coming together, they have to prevent the revolu­tionary party, the advanced forces and the revolu­tionary leaders from being able to interact with and be able to help the masses in this struggle. And it’s not just a one-way street. We’re going to talk about that more. So linking and doing are a constant interac­tion back and forth, in an ever deepening and ever higher form.

And really, you see, it’s sort of an issue, so, really, so is the relationship between the advanced forces of the Party and the revolutionary leaders, on the one hand, and the masses of the people, on the other.

We want to talk about that a little bit later, it’s not a one-way thing; and we think it’s all the way that we have all the knowledge, that we know everything that has to be known and our job is simply to go out and represent all that to the people. That the ability to fight back and to deepen and to bring in the masses, is of tremendous significance. Really the eyes of people, more and more all over the country and even all over the world, are focused to a great degree on what we’re doing here.

And I think that it’s a question of people taking a very important step. I’m not here to thank you on behalf of the Party, I don’t think that’s the way to wage the struggle, we’re not seeking anything other than what they understand they have to do, once you see the need and more than that, that you understand that the revolution is an advance from the whole class of our international, and to advance in that direction. The Party tells us that our task is to advance humanity toward the communism. So I don’t want to thank you, but on the other hand I think you should understand the significance of what you’re doing. I hope you’ll do it for the whole international working class, and therefore I wanted to actually specifically greet you and thank you, as I say, for the Central Committee of our Party.

The reason you’ve all come here is to represent all the people who have taken, for the work you’ve already initiated, for the work you’re waging as part of the historic cause of the international proletariat. [Applause]

Continued on page 14
shortly after they rolled into town two weeks ago. For misdemeanor charges, their bail was raised to $4,500 each. During the legal proceedings, the kangaroo court of Judge Leo Morely distinguished itself by, among other things, arresting two May Day 10 supporters on the charge of contempt after they had whipped to each other. The local newspaper joined the hunt for blood, hysterically editorializing about these "outside agitators."

"You know why they came down so hard on those people selling that newspaper and pasting up leaflets in the Unemployment Office that day?" I answered an answer to this question asked "by a worker in a coffee shop. He answered his own question. "Because there's not dozens, not hundreds, but thousands of people here waiting for something like this. The puppets of the rich in this town are coming down heavier everywhere. They know the people are jittery, thinking about the future. They know that the people are tired thinking about their Big Lie. They've got more than one Morely sitting on those benches in their court rooms and they've got a bunch of super cops packing pistols in these streets.

"The people aren't blind to all this," another worker told me as we walked in a coffee shop last night, from the trouble and frustration they feel. The shit's been building for a long time..." This brother hit some big questions: “Nobody wants to think that their love is another war, that more of our brothers and sisters will have their blood to keep the rich up on the top of the hill. The dogs running in Youngstown don’t want anybody out there talking up unity between workers of different races because it will target them for all the death and destruction."

The May Day Brigade has made a profound impact on this town. Every day I hear something new. The owner of a local cafe posted a May Day 1980 Manifesto in the window and then proceeded to pass out a May Day leaflet with every meal. A fundamentalist preacher has even been touched by May Day here in Youngstown. With supporters of the May Day 10 and an Iranian student as pallbearers, Reverend Morely delivered a sermon last Sunday and in part, "There is so much greed, injustice, and exploitation in our society, from Washington D.C. to the lowest precincts of Youngstown. Ohio. Wickedness and oppression are entrenched in high places. How can we, a citizen of the United States of America, respect the words ‘with liberty and justice for all’ when I saw before my very eyes as I sat last Monday in the courtroom two revolutionaries cited for whispering, when there are four or five others who spoke to each other, and the judge did not cite one of them for contempt of court. I am a believer in the full gospel of Christ, but I refuse to say ‘my country right or wrong.’"

"You know why they made that mistake? Because even our masters have masters, but he didn't call on his congregation to register their protest against the outrageous attack on the May Day 10, even having one of their lawyers up in the pulpit with him. Part of the sermon was aired on the radio, and immediately afterwards, a woman called to say it was the most beautiful thing she ever heard.

Coming to Youngstown, Ohio was a lot like coming home. I could talk to workers and other people here for five minutes and feel that I'd known all my life. I've got to leave this town soon and I'm deep in thought again, remembering the words of a worker who was jailed with the Brigade. He said, "I'll be pleased to stand with this bunch of people on May 1st. Especially those with kids."

3:46 p.m. Thursday, May 8 in Youngstown, Ohio. In dying town, the future is being born...
FBI Covered KKK Death Bombing

May Day Campaign

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DONT TALK

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effort. Otherwise you'll find more techniques, "...letting the subject tell a few lies, and letting him apparently get away with them," then the investiga- tion, and works well with many types of subjects. We have seen that on the part of the interrogator..."

This article was written not by an at- torney. We have tried to see that it is an easy and logical answer to be considered as legal advice by us. It is meant only to serve as a general guide. If and when the need arises, it is always a good idea to check with an at- torney.

This question, of how to face the authorities is a political one—it is supremely political. It isn't just between you and the cops. It is a question of the masses of people and of revolution. If the question is to be submitted to the politics of proletarian revolution, it will end up strengthening bourgeois policies. For instance, in the U.S. During the 1950's and early 1960's, the government dragged a nearly endless parade of members and sympathizers of the old revisionist Communist Party before Congressional Committees. A few stood up heroically; many minded themselves carefully as to whether the law, and generally went over so far back wards to avoid ending up in jail that their cowardly behavior did great harm to the morale and political effectiveness of the masses. In contrast, the Bolshevik Deputies in the Czarist Duma parlia- ment, in 1905, faced the same threat, but protected, who can calculate the tremendous impulse that was given to the people's uprising by the conviction of the martyrs who stood up to torture and even death instead of capitulating. That the intelligence and police ap paratus of the government are bending such great efforts to try to destroy a masses' revolutionary leadership clearly demonstrates their deep fear of revolu- tion...
For miles around Washington, D.C. it is visible—the nighttime capitol building, the familiar dome shape flouting against a starless sky. To the traveller in the air, the scene is even more dramatic: government buildings shine like jewels against the ebony velvet background, with a welding of streetlights guiding the eye to the crown jewel, the illuminated seat of government.

The U.S. Capitol, whose thenon subjects. In 1790, they set out to symbols and self-image-monuments to their rule, which would rival the aristocracy) had to build up their own court with their "royal bloodlines" to their rule, which would rival the kings and impress their own "golden age" of Greece and Rome and adopt the "Classical" architecture of the ruins.

A fitting choice indeed, the architecture of slavery. In spite of all the chapters in all the civics books about the "democracy" of Greece, these ancient societies were slave societies. How appropriate for the newborn United States, whose very constitution not only made slavery legal, but also restricted the right to vote to those who owned property or slaves; whose first President got his wife Martha with a dowery of 300 slaves!

The new ruling class hoped that by copying the "Classical" style, this would inspire a sense of "permanence" and "reason and order" towards the institutions housed inside. Of course, the bourgeoisie had more than just architectural style on their minds at that time. They had already had their first rebellion to put down—Shay's Rebellion of 1783, where thousands of Massachusetts farmers returned from fighting in the Revolutionary War to face court-ordered foreclosures on their farms, and exploded in rage. Steps were taken on a number of fronts to convince people that 1776 must and would be the last revolution in the United States. But just in case persuasion failed to win people's allegiance, careful attention was paid to the overall layout of the new Capitol city.

This job went to French designer Pierre L'Enfant. L'Enfant designed Washington's streets extra wide and straight, wide, because the barricades of the French revolution were fresh in his mind; straight, making it easy for the government to set up cannon at key locations to defend the Capitol from foreign invasion or its own people. As the U.S. empire expanded, its taste in architecture became more arrogant. They constructed "the most imposing and costly monument ever erected to a man... a perpetual tribute of a grateful people to that great and overshadowing figure in the nation's history—George Washington." The result was a brutal 550 foot monolith—a greatly enlarged imitation of an Egyptian obelisk (a form of pyramid). It's sheer size symbolizes his "greatness", the plain lines his "purity". (Washington died of syphilis in 1799).

By the beginning of the 20th century, Washington, D.C. had become the Capitl of a major imperialist world power, but its architecture had become a hodgepodge of different styles and eras. Needed buildings had been thrown up as quickly as possible without a conscious plan.

In 1901, Congress adopted a plan to rebuild major parts of the city. L'Enfant's original plan was reaffirmed and expanded. Block after block of buildings that did not conform to the "Classical" image were slated for replacement. Their goals were bluntly stated: "The renewed city served as a unifying force, a national image with the reinstatement of Washington, D.C. as the capital of the United States."

The U.S. Capitol, whose base is practically a carbon copy of the Parthenon in Rome (left). The Dome was lifted from another Roman design. (Right) Statue of Roman Centurion at Capitol door.
To understand this isn't a political thing, we'd hate any Russian who shot one of our kids. The whole atmosphere of the Soviet skiers are beginning to be considered professional.

Ziggy: Good point. They'd have us believe they're making a bundle of money like the Protos, maybe because in the Army we spend all our money on the best equipment and get paid very little. The war is bringing in a lot of money and we're getting paid very little.

Dick: Uh, no, Zig, what I meant was... we had a lot of llambling on the roof, and we were all sleeping in the same room.

John: We were so tired, we didn't even notice.

Ziggy: So who's talking about games?! We're talking about the real thing here.

Dick: Of course Jim, I know how you hate the flag, but the flag is the symbol of our country.

Ziggy: We made sure they were handed out at the entrance, free to everyone.

Macy: And of course the tragedy.

Ziggy: Plot!

Macy: That struck down Randy Gardner. While many of our visitors seem to delight in the problems the U.S. has created, this is not what we want.

Macy: Ten years ago they would have shut up quick.

Macy: Tonight was another example of what people all over the world can do to stop this madness. We have to support our friends and stop this war.

Ziggy: We learned to do it.

Macy: And of course the tragedy.

Ziggy: That's what's happening. It's all about the flag. We have to keep it up.

For ABC Sports, this is Jim Macy saying good night.

Insight into the Olympics, thanks to the CIA for help with the production.
3. As the imperialists themselves do, pay at-

2. Try pick which superpower you are going to

Rules

1. First pick which superpower you are going to

say before they even begin to speak. Try

easy it is

say. This may be difficult at first, but it is key in

making a believable speech. The имперализм практиче-

skis act of splitting the more outrageous

and complex ideas while maintaining a

 Forces and the forces of peace and freedom

must take action to counter this threat to the col-

lective security of the area and the world. This

(direct threat to the security of nations; radical and

aggressive new step; attempts to force one’s will upon

other peoples; attempts to blackmail the U.S.; acts of
great power chauvinism; demagoguery; furtive activity)

and the forces of peace and freedom must take firm

and resolute action to counter this threat to the col-

lective security of the area and the world. This

direct threat to the security of nations; radical and

aggressive new step; attempts to force one’s will upon

other peoples; attempts to blackmail the U.S.; acts of
great power chauvinism; demagoguery; furtive activity

take place. To further these aims we must join

together as never before to meet this challenge head

on and take every step to stop to the line against

further Soviet aggression; make the Soviet Union pay

a concrete price for its actions; (for U.S.) show

the world that they cannot run roughshod over the

world’s peoples; halt the U.S. imperialist war drive

(for the U.S.S.R.).

4. Any further attack on the vital interests of

the U.S. (Soviet Union) or its allies around the world

will be dealt with accordingly and by any means

necessary. These (Russia/Ames) must be taught a

lesson and the (U.S./U.S.S.R.) along with all peace-

loving peoples throughout the world are prepared to
give them a lesson they will never forget. Any further

attack on the (same country or region you picked at

the beginning) will be considered an attack on the

(U.S./U.S.S.R.). On with the fight, let them tremble
at our advance.

First, construct podium.

Choose appropriate lapel pin (left) and

podium ornament (below).

Now you are ready to begin.

First... Then...

This could be you...

-To stay from we must stay strong.

-Warriors road to real disarmament.

-Economic, political, and spiritual strength
Continued from page 3

on top. The outcome of this struggle could be a sharp shift toward the East by the next generation, further hardening existing fault lines and spurring more waves of migration. It is a matter of some concern to us, and of concern to many Africans, that 30 years that Yugoslavia has supposedly been a "socialist" country. The country still has a large number of self-employed workers, a large number of small businesses, and a large number of workers who are members of trade unions, but these are all vestiges of the past. The situation in Yugoslavia today is characterized by a high degree of inequality, with the rich getting richer and the poor getting poorer. The country is divided into two main economic zones: the north, which is more industrialized and has a higher standard of living, and the south, which is less developed and has a lower standard of living. The gap between the two regions is widening, and this is leading to increased social unrest and political instability.

The situation in Yugoslavia is a result of the country's history and its recent past. Yugoslavia was created in 1918 after World War I, and it was the first socialist republic in the world. However, the country has faced many challenges since then, including economic, political, and social problems.

In conclusion, the situation in Yugoslavia is a complex one, and it is unlikely to improve in the near future. The country is facing many challenges, including economic inequality, political instability, and social unrest. It is important to continue to monitor the situation and to support efforts to promote peace and stability in the region.
they're dealing with a couple of people who are quick, sharpest, who may be rib with each other a lot and get a lot of practice? You know that we do rib and cut with each other to get sharp so that when we go on the TV or radio, we can come back real fast. Oh, yeah, we do that... and it is helpful, but that's not the decisive thing. I mean, Red Fox ain't gonna lead no revolution... so that's not the decisive thing, even if it is helpful. It's not the decisive thing. The decisive thing is that we come behind a lot of experience. We have a lot of foundation that we've built off of, that people all over the world have shed their blood for, and have even suffered setbacks for. For example, in China and the Soviet Union before it, in this country, all their sacrifice, even they've shed it—the foundation is only wasted—it's only wasted if we don't learn the lessons of it, we don't learn the particular importance of grouping here this theory and applying it in an all-around way. And you all know this from your own experience, you can sum up from your own experience. The more deeply you grasp this, the more deeply and in an all-round way you really grasp this, the more you're able to put forward to the masses of people in the way of sharp agitation and not dull, blunt dogma. When you find yourself falling back on reciting rhetoric, falling back and acting or talking like a typical "commie," then you know that's when you're running up against the limitations of your understanding and you're falling back on some phrases you heard somewhere to try to get you out of a tough situation. The more deeply you grasp this, the more deeply and in an all-round way we grasp this revolutionary theory and can really put something sharp and cutting, agitation and propaganda, and the more we're going to be able to bring forward the masses and inspire them to take up the revolutionary struggle and inspire them to get down on this theory so that they can consciously take it up and struggle consciously in the interest of our class and bring forward still broader ranks of the people into this struggle. And one of the great things about what's going on here—and besides, it's an important part of our reaching out broadly and deeply to the masses—it's like what the call said, the call for the volunteers in the first place: we're going to be getting trained here, trained in tactics, trained in the daily battle; and also trained through study classes in Marxist theory and revolutionary politics. We're going to have these classes, goddammit, we're going to find a place where we can have them. We can't win this battle without them. (One form of the bourgeois attacks in D.C. was a systematic campaign to deny the volunteers access to large Gallup polls.) But through all that, through the struggle we have, in our units, squads and what have you about something you've been through, you experience and trying to keep that in the context of and keep in view and in mind the broader overall picture and not just here but in the whole struggle, in all these ways, we're going to be deepening our own grasp and in turn we're going to see this constant dialectic back and forth between our deepening grasp of this theory and our ability to apply it out among the masses of people in various forms, and to bring them forward and see the beginning of the process of taking it up and going out more broadly to bring forward even fresher and broader ranks of the masses. So this is an important point. There are some very deep questions out among the masses of people, and we have to study, we have to take this theory and apply it, and we do have an answer for them as to why this Party is different. These questions are serious and have to be taken up, studied, discussed, struggled over and answered seriously.

Secret Service Hounds Florida Prof

Only a few short weeks away from the trial in the case of Bob Avakian and the Mao Tserung Defendants, the government is tightening the screws in its systematic campaign to set-up and frame the Chairman of the RCP. Recent developments should signal to all readers of the B&W to be on alert and prepare to closely follow this latest phase in the systematic campaign of the reactionary leadership.

The following is the latest in a series of attempts to paint the RCP as a bunch of crazed terrorists: On Thursday, February 14th in Tampa, Florida, the Secret Service agents paid University of South Florida Professor and RCP member Bruce Williamson a little visit at his office, and if anyone thought that the only job of the Secret Service was to "protect the president," the sight of McCrady and all the local RCP and Revolutionary Communist Youth Brigade stepping up their work, straining to get the Revolutionary Worker into the hands of the worker and youth throughout the city and many, including fellow teachers, expressed support. The campaign of reactionary public opinion was lost in the smog.

But the state is not finished yet. His doubts having sniffed out a potentially useful situation in their multi-sided frame-up of Bob Avakian, Williamson was already in the public's eye—why not paint him as the RCP as an "enemy" and call for a Secret Service investigation which would come in real handy when it came time to drag Bob Avakian into court—along with the Greenbergs, Hawaiians, and the L.A. Times article. Their prestige for this investigation was a honorary letter to the Oracle (USF student newspaper) with Williamson's obviously forged signature on it, threatening him with potential presidential candidates and threatening to disrupt the election.

The Secret Service showed up at Williamson's office on February 14, and waved around a subpoena, threatening William so n that he'd have to be in front of a grand jury in two hours. Then they began a two hour interrogation which raised the usual perverted questions about drugs, alcohol and sex deviations, and then got down to the real business: "Do you feel hostility to Castro?" "Do you feel hostility to Fidel?" "Do you have access to or know how to operate guns or bombs?" "How do you feel about the Shah?"

The agents also fingered and palm printed Williamson, and obtained samples of his handwriting. (One thing Williamson was asked to write 25 times was, "The American people support the American government!" They also opened a bloated envelope they told Williamson had been used to send the letter to the Oracle, pointed to the Oracle editor's name and asked Williamson to copy it 25 times. The names on the campus mail envelope in order were: Jeff Harrity (vocational instructor in financial planning), Urvash (university safety and security campus police head), Bert Hartsey (vice president of auxiliary services), Mike Gutshamer (Oracle editor), and finally UP (university police campus police head)!)

The facts remain, despite their crude phoniness, this must be seen as a very serious attack on the campus campaign to deprive the people of the revolutionary leadership of Bob Avakian and the RCP.
The American ruling class—passion for Greco-Roman architecture was shared by A.D. White, chairman of the Columbia University building committee, and Albert Speer, Hitler's architect. Speer's work—"the greatest cultural documents of struggle among the student[s]."

In Washington, D.C., the seat of power, the ruling class lashed out with a vengeance against the demonstrators. D.C. officials call the "most massive manhunt in the history of the District" oficiallich a "routine operation," when the pigs picked up Bruce Griffin as their "suspect." In the killing of Officer Griffith, the pig official claimed he couldn't see what their usual "informants" supplied. Griffin was found near a system of garbage in the D.C. black community under the guise that they were looking for Griffin, who painted an embattled junkyard terrorizing society. To maintain the charade of staging a crackdown, the pigs repeatedly kept the "deadly weapon" heat cranked up. After the demonstration, the police harassment of black people was out in there, "in the gutter.

For the year 1940 or for the year 1968, the time is not yet..." Khomeini's behind the scenes role to the masses to get off the stand on this. As they want, they warned. But "the only way" the hostages will be released in Washington, D.C., and the pigs will be out in there, "in the gutter."