

interview 8

International Communities are in favor of Peace and Constitution

Krishna Bahadur Mahara

OPINION 13



Present political situation and policy of the Party

C P Gajurel 'Gaurav'

ANALYSIS 18



Can we go AHEAD?

Netra Bikram Chanda "Biplap"

DEBATE 29



NT: Better to enhance self before shifting towards partnership

Sunil Mishra

- 4 COVER STORY

 Is Completion of Revolution
 - Is Completion of Revolution Possible?
- 23 NEIGHBOUR
 Ethnic Conflict or Politics of Demography?

 Kamal
- 28 REPORT India should behave democratically
- 31 INTERNATIONAL Will Indian SC Verdict Punish Main Culprit
- 38 ISSUE
 Conspiracy behind the Army
 Integration
- 40 POEM
 'Tranquility'
 Upesh Maharjan
- 34 NEWS

Imperialist attack over ecosystem

The Earth is facing challenges one after another. The natural balances are being broken. These all are happening due to the activities of humann being. Human Being, in general, is responsible for the destruction of the favourable environment for the living things. However, the handful imperialists are most responsible for the destruction of the earthly environment.

Along with the progress and new inventions in science and technology, the achievements of the human race are being propertized in the hands of super powers of the world. The super powers are misusing all the achievements as they are their solely personal properties. The interest of super powers and their plans have been the root cause of the destruction of human being and the Earth.

The emission of carbon dioxide is one of the problem. It has harmed the ozone layer of atmosphere. The scientists are giving warning to the entire human being for producing the carbon gas and making the environment polluted. But, this is due to the industrial development. Industries are in the hands of the capitalists who product for profit.

Likewise, atomic weapons are being produced day by day in a big number. This has created another dark side of the destruction. Imperialism is responsible for that .

Now, the problem of oil spewing on the coast of Mexico has created another destruction. It has been a direct attack over the ecosystem. Sea animals are dying in a huge quantity and even the extinct species of Blue Whale and the other species of the fish family along with the birds are dying. The problem has yet to be solved.

Therefore, imperialism has been the only principal cause of the destruction of the Earth.

Kalpana Kandel, Bardia

Nepali origin Indians are *Bhumiputras* of Meghalaya

Nepali origin Indian people are now in trouble. They are killed, burnt and chased from their own land Meghalaya of India. The Khasi language speaking people have been involved in the violence against Nepali speaking. It seems to be a simple issue for that big violence. However, the reality is very different than what we have heard.



They are chased due to be Nepali speaking people.

In India, there is a huge discrimination over the ethnicities all over the country. Only the elite class and the officers of bureaucracy from the upper class speak Hindi. But, Hindi is not widely accepted language in all over India. It is imposed language than popular and easier. Due to be the narrow and limited area of Hindi language, the Indian ruling class always creates conflict among the languages of the ethnicities and the regions.

The system of federalism is not democratic. The people have not got any sense of democracy because they are being murdered due to be the different language speaker.

We have heard that Indian state government of Meghalaya has just formed a commission of investigation lately. Along with the formation of the investigation commission, Indian ruling class should not try to hide the reality that the problem will be solved scientifically when it addresses the real aspiration of the people with multi culture, multi religion and multi language. Before trying to solve the problem Indian ruling class should be ready to change their traditional concept. That is they should be more democratic than autocratic.

Only after the change in their notion, Indian ruling class will understand the ground reality. The reality is that Nepali speaking people in Meghalaya are the owners of their own land.

Ram Thapa, Rupandehi

Expectation of Independent Initiative

Three-point agreement has been turned into a paper document. The government and its ally parties are not ready to implement it. They have no worry than to deceive. UCPN Maoist, the main opposition and the single largest party in the Constituent Assembly (CA), is creating a continuous pressure over the government and its allies for its implementation. However, the allies are not ready to hear even a word.

Due to this, there is stagnation everywhere. The elected leaders and the representatives of the people are side lined since one year. The interference of the foreign power, especially Indian ruling class, is extremely in increase. The ministers and the parliamentary leaders of Nepal are frequently visiting Delhi. Delhi has been the centre for

Nepalese politics.

The ministers and the leaders of the allies are anti-people and anti-Constituent Assembly (CA). Prime Minister Madhav Kumar Nepal has openly expressed his opinion to be against the CA. But misfortune! They are in the executive body of the state power. Formation of the government under the leadership of Madhav Kumar Nepal is a step deliberately taken against the mandate and the aspiration of Nepalese people.

The step itself was a counter revolutionary. The visionary leaders and the true representatives of the people are out of the government. It is crystal clear that the national agendas will not be addressed by those who do not know anything about them.

People are waiting for a new constitution in which they want to ensure the national agendas like the federal republic, restructuring of the state including the bodies like security, judiciary etc. For this, the leaders, with clear vision, are needed in the executive body of the state.

The achievements of the liberation wars and the people's movements should be protected for the nation and its people. The degrading political situation is really in search of figures, which are able to protect the nation and the rights of the people.

For correct political outlet, once again, the revolutionaries, progressive, republican and nationalist forces should think about the situation very seriously and take independent initiative for the nation. Only that independent initiative can lead the nation as it has been expected by the majority of the people. •

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IS COMPLETION OF REVOLUTION POSSIBLE?

Ever existing question- 'is completion of revolution possible?'- has been a hot debate in the specific political situation of Nepal now. The debate, though it is not systematically run, has expanded from capital city to the remote villages and the corners of the country and in the international political arena. The present political situation of Nepal does not express the victory of any sides and defeat of any other too. Rather, it clearly shows that there is an intense struggle between the two antagonistic ideologies and the visions. Neither of the side is ready to accept its defeat although monarchy from the reactionary side has been knocked down. The present political situation shows

the possibility of further class struggle for the rest of the victory or the loss.

Every body knows that UCPN Maoist took initiative to take the way of agreement by analyzing the poor condition of the country and its incapability to bear the war and destruction for a long time. However,



the agreement has not been accepted by the morally defeated parliamentary forces. It has violated the agreement and built the government of the status quo only. It is trying to take counter offensive to deinstitutionalization of the achievements revolutionary gained through People's War and the People's Movements. Therefore, they are being success to hatch conspiracy under the sympathy and support from the reactions.

The conflict clearly shows its class characters. The revolution of Nepal is not a reformist movement, it is a revolutionary one. The characteristics inherited inside the two antagonistic classes have been publicly expressed. Analysts prefer to interpret the present political situation to be a win-win situation. But, if we

The debate is focused on the completion of revolution. That is to gain more achievement for its completion. For that, UCPN-Maoist should develop its ideological-political point of view, national and international policy and the plans and programme for its implementation.

study the running struggle, from ideological to power sharing in government, it shows that the situation is a base for further struggle.

Because the different poles lead two different ideologies and the poles, the agendas also are different. The present national agendas are not accepted by the status parties. The agendas have progressive character and they are the synthesis of the achievements of the wars and the movements till now. Therefore, the leading of the agendas is possible only by the Maoist party. The aim of Maoist is to lead the nation ahead; however, the aim of status quo is to abort it.

This situation can not exist for a long time. Either the status quo is defeated or the revolutionaries will loss. For that both the poles are trying to develop their own strategy. Here lies the question whether the completion of the revolution is possible. Or the revolutionaries are forced to go back to guerrilla war again.

The debate is focused on the completion of revolution. That is to gain more achievement for its completion. For that, UCPN-Maoist should develop its ideological-political point of view, national and international policy and the plans and programme for its implementation. Talking about the completion of revolution will be mere a talk without developing its entire ideology.

The party should mercilessly evaluate its past and should change its trend to believe on the external forces than the internal. The decision should be political than diplomatic. There should be a clear demarcation between diplomatic and political decisions and commitments.

Only the people are the historymakers. More democratic right should be given to the people. The observation, control and intervention by the people should be accepted in practice. The interest of the people and their aspiration should be put in the centre.

Reviewing the past, UCPN-Maoist should rebuild a clear conception about the three



magic weapons of the revolution. Time should not be given to the trifle things and a systematic discussion and study should be started on time. Individual decision should not be given priority. The decision should be collective and systematic taken from a broader exercise of democratic-centralism within party.

The opinion of public should not be neglected. The circle of the opportunists, and the reactions in some extent, should be crossed. Party should believe to the cadres and the people.

Only the reactionary is not powerful in the world. The

waves of the mass resistance and the movement of the national independence successfully advancing ahead. Maoist should make relations with them without hesitation. Communists are open and clear in their mission. The questions, which are to be answered before Nepali people and the people of the world, are directly related with the unanswered questions of the international communist movement. Therefore. active participation of the international revolutionary parties and the organizations as well as the revolutionaryprogressive individuals compulsorily necessary. To be



confined in the name of purity and to be expanded only in the name of creativity both are wrong. However, communists should be aware about national and international contemporary political situation.

Paying attention to those points, UCPN-Maoist can maximum utilize the national and international favourable political situation and the positive aspects together. Nationally, UCPN-Maoist is the largest party in CA and the single revolutionary party in the country. It has a big number of committed whole timer cadres, still it has mass base

and People strongly support the Maoist all over the country. They are expecting Maoist to bring change in the country. There is still relatively a good relationship between people, cadres and the leaders.

In the nationwide scale, the forward going present agendas are the agendas developed by UCPN-Maoist. The whole nation transitionally is trying to advance ahead in the direction led by these agendas. There is no other option than to follow the agendas. The future of the entire nation lies on it.

Internationally, the imperialism and the Indian

expansionism being are crisis surrounded by the from everywhere. The leftistprogressive movements Latin American countries are hopefully developing with a new hope. National liberation movements are being raised and the slogan of the right to self determination is being consciously raised by the oppressed people. Imperialist and expansionist hegemony is forced to accept the multi cultural differences in their own country.

Revolution in Nepal is possible if Maoist analyses and addresses these possibilities for the sake of revolution. •

The international communities are in favor of peace and constitution of Nepal. Most of the countries have understood the groung reality of our country. Taking the issue of Nepal forien powers are divided into two poles. And even within a country like India only the ruling class is against peace and constitution but the



The political situation is getting worse even after three-point agreement. How are you analyzing this currently developed situation of the country?

In the context of not implementing the three-point agreement by the government, the government itself does not seem to be serious about peace, constitution and the progress of the country. It has been clearly justified now. UCPN Maoist has adapted a maximum flexibility till now and no space has been remained to be more flexible than that. We are focusing on the issue whether the constitution is drafted or not, peace is ensured or not. The government was a main obstacle for that. We have been very serious about the manner that the government is taking and it had taken in the past. Along with it, we are very worried about the present condition. The fact is that the government and the allies of the government are still obstacle for

the political outlet.

The parties that are in the government are not worried about writing constitution and making stability in the country. The main cause of the present political impasse is the government aligned parties. They have the mentality of creating chaos, instability violence and disharmony in the country. This is the main cause.

But the allies of the government are blaming UCPN Maoist to be the main cause. They are frequently raising the question of confiscated land. What is your response?

I want to speak clear about the issue. They are not serious on the political issues and are not eager for the advancement of peace process ahead. UCPN Maoist wants to assimilate the issues of establishing the republic, the Constituent Assembly, federal system, and secularism, the restructuring of the state and the integration of army in the constitution which is going to be written. These all issues should be kept as the essence or the content of would be made constitution. This is the objective of UCPN Maoist. parliamentary political parties are against peace and constitution and they want to reinstate the constitution of 1991 (2047). They consider the constitution of 1991 to be the best document in the history of Nepal. Therefore, they have not come out of the mentality of 20 years ago. This is why they can not accept the forward going agendas put forwarded by UCPN Maoist. This is the first thing we have to understand. Why they are not taking the national agendas seriously although they have already been the issues of public concert. They are not in favor of evaluating, and synthesizing the problems.

The issue they have raised is

International Communities are in favor of Peace and Constitution **Constitution** **Constitution**

ERED STAR 16-30 June, 2010 • 9



We have been very serious about the manner that the government is taking and it had taken in the past. Along with it, we are very worried about the present condition. The fact is that the government and the allies of the government are still obstacle for the political outlet.

about the land that was confiscated in war period. At the same time, we can raise the issue of our cowarriors who are still unknown and disappeared. Thousands of our friends have been disappeared by the government side during People's War. Why the government is not responding the issue of the disappeared. Why the government is still unspoken. Thousand of others have been made the victim of conflict but the government does not pay any attention towards it. Public has raised the question why the government is not providing relief to the victims of conflict. The members of the family of the poor people are made martyrs and wounded and disabled by the security forces deployed by the government at that time. They are questioning over the role and the responsibility of the government. Therefore, the space of mistrust is being widened by the government side.

If you talk about the confiscated land, we have returned the land to their owners. The task of returning the land is in progress if we take the specific example of only a district, Dang district, more than 200 lands were confiscated. And, now about 90 to 95 percent of the land has been returned back. Only the five percent land owners have not got their land to be returned. The process of the returning land is going to be complete. But the government is not making any process that can be taken optimistically. Yes, there are some problems related to the land reform and land distribution policy of the government which has created complexities in returning land to their owners. The other complexities are the

long time relationship between landlords and the tillers. That is the question related to the land reform, which belongs to the side of the government but not the question belong to the UCPN Maoist. We are always ready to solve the problem.

One thing we have to take responsibility is that our party is the single largest party in the constituent assembly. However, the responsibility to initiative and take the problem into solution is of government. The government can not escape from it. Nobody is pleased from the task that the government has done till now. Only the government wants is that it throws the problems over the heads of others only to escape. But the people are questioning that what's the responsibility of the government then? The government intends to escape only rather than to solve the problems taking responsibility.

Then, how your party is planning to go ahead in this complex situation for the implementation of the national agendas developed by itself?

The essential thing to be understood is that all the

peace process and writing a new constitution without the participation of UCPN Maoist is impossible. The structure of the constituent assembly says that the key for drafting a new constitution is in the hand of Maoist. To remain key in the hands of UCPN Maoist is to have authority and responsibility to write a new constitution is of Maoist. It is possible only after the formation of national united government. The reality hidden behind to create obstacle against forming a new government is that they are very much afraid of seeing the possibility of drafting a new constitution on the leadership of UCPN Maoist in coming days. The activities against political outlet is not to give chance to write constitution. Therefore they are taking pleasure in 'majority system' then the system of national consensus.

If there had been government under the leadership UCPN Maoist, the process of writing new constitution would have advanced ahead. In the period of nine month government, Maoist had taken the steps to carry the peace process ahead. The efforts taken by Maoist were well admirable and acceptable. The steps taken by Maoist were positive and goal oriented.

Seeing all this optimistic tasks for the draft of constitution, the parties and the forces that were not only against Maoist but also against peace and the constitution hatched conspiracies against UCPN

Maoist. UCPN Maoist as to be the largest and responsible stake holder of the peace process, it is truly and objectively committed to the peace process and drafting of a new constitution. It has it's bold intention to carry the peace process in to a logical end.

As I have already said that they are showing their disagreement to form the government of national consensus is the intention not to bring stability in the country. To write new constitution is the worst thing to them who are against peace constitution and stability. Therefore, in totality, we have to understand that the elements and the forces that do not want peace and stability in Nepal are putting the government under their influence. And, the government has been a prey for them who want to push the nation into a dark dungeon.

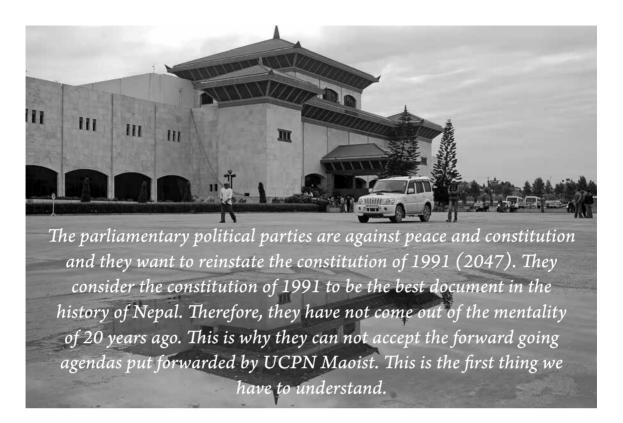
Has your party developed any new policies and plan to cross all these complexities and lead nation?

We are clear that prime minister should resign from his post to open the way for the formation of the government of national consensus. We consider not make any condemnorcritiquesabouttherumorscreated by anti people and anti Maoist elements. The key point of the three-point agreement that was made in 20th May was the resignation by prime minister. He should open the way by resigning from the post. After that we can publicize the policies and programmes of our party along with the formation of consensus. After the formation of the government, the programme according to the extended stipulated time of CA. Otherwise, UCPN-Maoist should think in other way. At that time, party can take decisions independently to make the people conscious and resist against the fascist activities taken against the people.

What about the foreign interference?

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issue of Nepal forien powers are divided into two poles. And even within a country like India only the ruling class is against peace and constitution but the people are for Nepal. The majority of the Indian people wants stability in Nepal. The most of the intellectuals want peace and constitution in Nepal. They are in the opinion that the consensus government should be formed in the Nepal. Along with the people of India America, Russia, Japan, Britian and European, American and African countries are in favor of peace and constitution. So far as the issue of Indian ruling class is concerned, Nepalese people have got a space to suspect if the Indian ruling class is against peace and constitution of Nepal because of it's assistance to

the anti people government of Nepal. This type of intervention does not give any good message to the Nepalese people and international communities.

Is there any latest development in the formation of united front?

The political situation of the country is being very complex. Our party is struggling peacefully with a big patience. However the current developed situation has created a ground for thinking about to develope the concept of new type of united front. Though our best effort are for building peace, the political scenario forcefully making pressure over us to think about united front. We have to bring a new programme for the protection of nation and it's people.

In that different political

situation developed from the complexties of todays politics we will have to form a new type of united front. The front will be made on the foundation of national independency and civilian supermacy. the true nationalists and the republicans alongwiththeleftistprogressive forces will be united in it. The hazardous situation created at that time will force us to seek and unite the parties and the orginazations accept the above mentioned two terms and conditions. That will lead in nation. The present government has been a sub servant pimp and it is working as a puppet. Therefore the activities of the government itself will create a favorable ground for the formation of united front. •



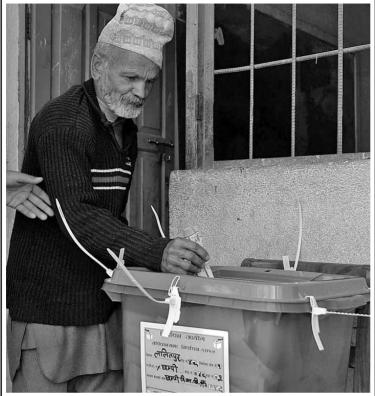


C P Gajurel 'Gaurav'

The political parties which made repeated commitments before the people of Nepal and at the international sphere, proved futile when the tenure of the Constituent Assembly (CA) nearly ended without accomplishing its job of writing a new constitution.

Present political situation and policy of the Party

Present political situation is marked by various twists and turns and ups and downs. After the abolition of autocratic monarchy ruling over Nepal since last two and a half centuries, the contradictions of Nepalese are in the process of changing. This change in the contradiction has brought some new changes in political alliances and new conflicts. The political parties which made repeated commitments before the people of Nepal and at the international sphere, proved futile when the tenure of the Constituent Assembly (CA) nearly ended without accomplishing its job of writing a new constitution. Though the term of CA has been extended for another one year, making new constitution is still a tuff job, because the differences among the major political parties remain unresolved and new issues of differences have cropped up regarding many questions related and unrelated to the



The slogan of Constituent Assembly was coined by the party in its National Conference held in 2001. Efforts were made to forge alliance with the parliamentary parties. It did not materialize, because the parliamentary parties were moving around the king and vying to get better portfolios in the king's cabinet. These parties had the policy of making united front with the king and wipe out the Maoists.

constitution. This article has been prepared based on such political circumstances.

Why the Constituent Assembly?

Though the slogan of Constituent Assembly was first coined by then Nepali Congress during 1950's when it was leading anti-Rana mass movement, but it was completely left out for the last half a century. This slogan was raised by C P N (Maoist), but at the different circumstances. The party identified the existing

monarchy as the main obstacle for the development of the Nepalese society and worked out a tactical line of making alliance with all the political forces who wanted to get rid of the monarchy. Major slogan to forge such an alliance was Constituent Assembly.

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moving around the king and vying to get better portfolios in the king's cabinet. These parties had the policy of making united front with the king and wipe out the Maoists.

The coup staged by king Gyanendra in February 2005, in whichhedeclaredemergencyand became head of the government, caused a new political situation. Many leaders of the main stream political parties were either imprisoned or under the house arrest. So the parties were compelled to struggle against the monarchy. India, which was main external support to the monarchy to fight against the Maoist led People's War was not happy with the latest step of the then king directed also against its allies, the parliamentary political parties. The other point that caused anger to the Indian government was that the Gyanendra regime bought arms with China which India conceived as a challenge to its authority and gross violation of the tradition of making arms deal only with India.

Our party, the CPN (Maoist) using these newly emerged contradictions as opportunity to forge alliance with the parliamentary parties against the monarchy which was the representative institution feudalism. bureaucratic comprador capitalists and the party took initiative to achieve this aim. It was thus finally materialized with 12 point agreements between Maoist party and seven parties.

Differences crop up

The autocratic monarchy ruling over Nepal for the last two and a half decades formally came to an end when first meeting of theconstituentassemblydeclared Nepal a Federal Democratic Republic with almost unanimous vote on May 28, 2008. The king and the parliamentary parties represented the interest of almost the same classes. In absence of the monarchy these parliamentary parties started to play leading role in fulfilling the interest of these classes which was reflected in all spheres-- politics, making alliance, formation of the government etc.

The exploiting classes always dependent international forces of their this character. In era of imperialism and proletarian revolution, the exploiting classes such as comprador bureaucratic capitalists and feudals are dependent on imperialist and expansionist forces or both. In case of Nepal, India is the external power which interferes in Nepal in many areas like-politics, economics, culture, territory etc. This is the reason why it is considered as expansionism. India's role as expansionist power has been more expressed during last couple of years. It is known to many people in Nepal that India creates parties, India causes splits in the parties, India makes accesses in parties and makes them unable to implement their own line and plan, India plays determining role in making,

sustaining and bringing down governments. Therefore Nepal is considered as a semi-colonial country.

Manyagreements, understandings, negotiations have taken place among seven parties versus Maoist party in the past. In the election of constituent assembly held in 2008, the UCPN(Maoist) has emerged as the single largest party securing majority (123 seats out of 240 total seats of the CA) NC and UML have been reduced to second and third ranking parties. All these parties were co travelers during anti-king mass movements. When the monarchy came to an end the political chemistry has been changed. NC and major section of UML represent the interest of comprador, bureaucratic capitalist class and remnants of feudalism. So they are unable to go beyond statusquo. They are against bringing about fundamental and revolutionary transformation in the society. They collaborate with Indian expansionism and contribute in continuing the semi-colonial character of the country. Thus their role especially after the abolition of monarchy has been changed.

Because of the class nature of NC and UML as mentioned above they are bound to confront with the agenda put forward by Maoist party for the qualitative transformation of the Nepalese society. In this way contradiction between Maoist party and mainly with other two parties, NC and UML is sure to come up. In course of time

Because of the class nature of NC and UML as mentioned above thev are bound to confront with the agenda put forward by Maoist party for the qualitative transformation of the Nepalese society. In this way contradiction between Maoist party and mainly with other two parties, NC and UML is sure to come up. In course of time this contradiction can even be sharper in the future.



After formation of UML government Series of murdering Maoist cadres

- On May-30, 2009: Maoist cadre Ladain Sah was murdered in Rautahat at the time of Madhav Neaplal's visit there.
- On June 14, 2009: Maoist Kathmandu district party member Rajendra Phunyal was murdered by UML cadres
- On June 24, 2009: Maoist cadre Laxmi Pariyar was murdered in Kalikot district by UML Youth Force
- On July 25, 2009: YCL central committee member Laxman Yaday was murdered
- On 18 December, 2009: YCL member Rajendra Banem Limboo was murdered by UML Youth force in Taplejung district



- On January 7, 2010: Maoist party state committee members Ram Prasad Yadav and Dara Prasad Yadav and party village committee member Ambika Mahato
- On January 11, 2010: Maoist state committee member Rajesh Mandal was murdered in Bara district.
- On 27 February, 2010: YCL activist Asharam BK was murdered by Youth Force
- On 28 February, 2010: Maoist party state committee member Kanhaiya Yadav was murdered in Bhojpura state.
- On April 5, 2010: All Nepal Trade Union Federation Mithila State coordinator Ramayogi Yadav was murdered Youth Force
- On My 28, 2010: Bardia district committee member Chhitelal Tharu was murdered by unidentified group
- On May 31, 2010: Abadh state committee member Sapatu Yadav was mudered by the armed gangs
- On June 7, 2010: YCL district committee secretariat member Kar Bahadur Budha was murdered by UML cadres.

this contradiction can even be sharper in the future. Practice of the last two years has clearly indicated that the NC and major portion of UML are not going to soften their stand, they are trying to harden their stand against Maoist. Their collaboration with Indian state is further deepening and they are taking more antinational stands.

Contradictions in a process of changing

During the period monarchy also the Nepalese society was characterized as semi-feudal and semi-colonial. Our party formulated that principal contradiction of the Nepalese society was between feudalism, bureaucratic comprador capitalism supported and backed by Indian expansionism versus the Nepalese masses. Feudalism was the principal aspect, because monarchyrepresentedinstitution of medieval feudal society. In the question of safeguarding the national interest of the country, the kings always tried to use the question of nationalism or patriotism as a mask to cover their anti-people character and autocratic rule. It was impossible to safeguard Nepal's national interest or nationalism under the rule of a king, because there are several instances in history in which kings have surrendered in front of the foreign powers and lost the sovereignty of the nation. Sugauli Treaty is one of the worst examples. It is also true that if the whole country goes under complete control of foreign power the monarchy would be nowhere. So the nationalism advocated by the king was confined to fulfill the interest of monarchy.

Abolition of the monarchy which was ruling over Nepal since last 250 years is definitely a historically significant event. It is a victory against feudalism. This historic event is sure to influence the political situation of the country and also the contradiction of Nepaleses ociety. So far the domestic contradiction is concerned feudalism still exists but it is no more principal aspect. Contradiction against bureaucratic capitalism comprador bourgeoisie is principal aspect. Thus the domestic contradiction can be defined as -comprador bourgeoisie, bureaucratic capitalism and feudalism versus Nepalese masses

. External intervention in Nepal has increased unabated. Indian expansionism which played supportive role favour of the ruling class in the past has started to play direct role. It has executed all other forms of intervention except direct military invasion. Thus the contradiction of Nepal and Nepalese people with India is heading to principal contradiction. The recently held Central Committee of our party has made serious evaluation of the recent development in the contradictions of the Nepalese society and

arrived at a conclusion that the principal contradiction is changing rapidly. At the present situation, the domestic and external contradictions have so intertwined that it is hard to separate. Thus the principal contradiction is heading bureaucrat capitalism, comprador bourgeoisie and feudalism and Indian expansionism on the one hand and the Nepal and the Nepalese people on the other.

United front policy

Given the change in the principal contradiction it will have reflection in the policy of making united front, alliance and unity in action with different classes and class forces. Our party is leading mass struggles and mass movement with concrete slogans. Since one year we are putting the slogan of National independence at the fore front. It does not mean that the domestic contradiction has ceased to exist. There is still remnant of feudalism dominating in the society. But feudalism is not the principal aspect. Comprador bourgeoisie and bureaucratic capitalism is becoming the principal aspect. It is quite evident that when the question of National Independence comes at the fore front, it demands that the party should forge the policy of making united front with the patriotic forces.

It shows that the nature of friends and foes has been

changed according to the changed situation. The real patriotic forces have to become the allies of revolution. It is obvious that that when there is change in the principal contradiction, the regarding the united front should be changed accordingly. There should be a broad united front among the working class, peasantry, oppressed nationalities and tribes, women and dalits and patriotic forces. In the given situation of the principal contradiction, major slogan of the united front is—All the patriotic, leftist and republican forces should unite!

This policy of united front has also been reflected in making new constitution. Our policy regarding the new constitution is very clear. Nepal should have a constitution of People's Federal Republic. Only the constitution with such content can address the demands of the oppressed people and all sections of the people of Nepalese society—working class, peasantry, dalits, women, jatis, janajatis and can safeguard the national independence and national sovereignty.

Based on the new line of the united front our party is going to make a concrete tactical line and concrete plan of action. As explained by Mao, line decides everything. The correct line formulated by our party will be definitely able to accomplish the revolution. •





CAN WE GO AHEAD?

If we pay our attention towards the history, there was a hot debate on it in course of justifying the bases of revolution before initiation of People's War (PW). The debate was about national and international situation at that time. In course of debate, the aspect to consider international situation more decisive than the national was defeated and PW was initiated. The success of PW justifies the factual reality that the internal aspect-that is people, politics, struggle, ideology and leadership- can have more important and decisive role than external aspect. The same debate has come into existence due to the prolonging peace process.

The debate in Nepal is on whether revolution is possible or not. The debate is not only ideological and general assumption; rather, it is cent radon the question whether there is possibility to increase intervention in the central power state or not. The two sharp analyses have emerged on the issue. They are on for and against.

The analytical perspective that sees revolution impossible:

One of the analytical perspectives is that the revolt is impossible. Yes, it seems so from that side of perspective. This analysis has been emerged mainly from the side of some leftist intellectual politicians and analysts. They have given the following reasons to justify this logic.

Unfavorable international situation-

Favorable international situation is needed for the completion of revolution. For that, there should be a crisis in the centre of capitalism and unfavorable situation should have created against them. Moreover, there should be crisis in India, America and China for the completion of revolution like small and poor country Nepal. Otherwise, these power centres interfere over Nepal and revolution can not be succeeded.

No support of India

Indian ruling class is in favor of bourgeois class of Nepal. The role of Indian ruling class is important for the revolution of Nepal; however, the favor of India ruling has always been on the side of Nepali Congress and UML. Therefore, the revolution is inconvenient due to oppose of Indian ruling class.

Nepali Army supports bourgeois class

The role of army is important for the success of revolution. In the situation of incomplete revolution and existence of strong old army that



side gets victory towards which army pays support. Therefore, if army supports revolution, it gets its completion and if it does not, revolution becomes failure. In Nepal, army is in the side of Nepali Congress and UML. In this situation, we will have to fight with army if we want to complete revolution.

Maoist lacks the proper military efficiency

For the completion of revolution either the army should be brought in favor of revolution or should make them split or win them over. At present, neither we can bring Nepal Army in favor of revolution nor can we split them nor get victorious over them. There is not a favourable situation where we can be

victorious. Therefore, there is no possibility.

The politics of consensus needs

The political of consensus came on the foundation of People's War. This can not be broken at once and should not be broken too. It is impossible because it makes revolution impossible. As the going on politics of consensus is broken that brings destruction and the achievements till now lose.

The Analytic Perspective that Sees Revolution Possible

The second perspective is that the revolution is possible in Nepal. This analysis is run and made by the MarxistLeninist-Maoist revolutionary intellectuals and some of the political analysts. The analysts have given the reasons to justify the possibility of revolution. Those reasons are as follows:

a) Internal aspect is decisive in revolution:

Revolution has both internal and external aspects. Both are necessary in the success of revolution; however, the two aspects do not have equal importance at a time. One has more or less importance than the other. International or external aspect, sometimes, is very important and it can have decisive role in some certain extent too. But, internal or national aspect remains always important and decisive in the

completion of any revolution.

If we pay our attention towards the history, there was a hot debate on it in course of justifying the bases of revolution before initiation of People's War (PW). The debate was about national and international situation at that time. In course of debate, the aspect to consider international situation more decisive than the national was defeated and PW was initiated.

decisive factor for the success and un-success of Nepalese revolution and we should not make wrong idea about it. The ideology, leadership and the struggle of Nepal are decisive in itself. Revolution is possible if Nepalese people want revolution. The situation is in favour of people, it is in favour of revolution. There is efficient leadership with correct ideology and the workers and the militant

relationship denies the logic which says that the revolution in Nepal is impossible. Some people have wrong ideas due to the relationship of Indian ruling class with Nepalese bourgeois and the coalition of the puppet government on its base. The Nepalese political movement and struggle is far more above than the reach and intervention of foreign powers. Likewise, the situation of the nation is not



Nepalese people have been able to make a good and harmonious relationship with revolutionary parties, organizations, institutions and idividuals along with the most of oppressed people of the world.

The success of PW justifies the factual reality that the internal aspect- that is people, struggle, ideology politics, and leadership- can have more important and decisive role than external aspect. The same debate has come into existence due to the prolonging peace process. But, it is a ground reality that the Nepalese revolution has reached to more successive and favorable height in comparison to the past.

Even today, the role of India, America, Europe and China is important. However, it is not and conscious people are gathered around it. Nepal has all these things with favorable situation. Therefore, revolution is possible.

b) Nepalese People have Consolidated International Relationship:

Nepalese people have been able to make a good and harmonious relationship with revolutionary parties, organizations, institutions and idividuals along with the most of oppressed people of the world. This consolidated international so favourable for the foreign powers, which can not neglect the aspiration and the opinion of the people in a direct way. Rather, majority of the Indian people, liberalists along with the revolutionaries have a good relationship with Maoist of Nepal because they have true understanding about the opinion of the Nepalese people. Therefore, we can come to the conclusion that the revolution of Nepal can not be affected by the external intervention; rather, it may be accomplish with its own specialties.

c) UCPN-Maoist has its political leadership in the country:

The success or the failure of any revolution depends on the correlation between political policy and its leadership. Nepal is only nation, in the contemporary world, where there is political leadership of the revolutionaries and the entire nation is in the hands of the proletarian class. The leadership of the revolutionaries is not only from the point of view of number; rather, it is because of political, ideological agendas. Constituent Assembly (CA), people's new constitution, federalism, land-reform, special rights, national independence and new national army are the agendas and the conceptions put developed and fore warded by UCPN Maoist. Nepalese people have their active participation and a strong support on them. The intellectuals, traders and businessmen and even security forces have their support on it.

Lobbies of UML and NC along with the small parties in the nation have their support to the agendas of Maoist party. This shows the possibility of people's revolt.

d) Front between Maoist and Nepal Army is possible for national Independence:

In general interpretation, it is said that Nepal army is in favor of NC and UML, the parliamentary parties. However, this assumption is not true even in the complexity of

the contemporary politics and it should not be. Nepal is in the multifaceted situation. The complex situation created in Nepal is due to the oppressive, hegemonic and interference tendency of the Delhi and the capitalist and puppet tendency of the parliamentary parties like UML and NC. Nepalese people are very sensitive, conscious and cautious about the problem of national capitulationism and national independence. Nepalese Army and other nationalist force belong to that category. The sense of patriotism and love for the nation is in the heart of Nepal army since its history. The concept of CCPN Maoist about nationality is crystal clear up to the level of principle. But the parliamentary parties have no sense of patriotism and nationality.

The parliamentary parties are in a particular mission to be owner of the Nepalese people by making agreement with Delhi by handing over all the natural resources of the nation to it. This has been clearly understood by the Nepal army. If we analyze it objectively, the nation sense of the support of Nepal army towards NC and UML is wrong.

In the period under the direct reign of king, army was with king. But after the election of Constituent Assembly (CA) and declaration on of republic of Nepal, army has supported the parties. The condition for Nepal army not to support the king, when it was declared to be abolished through the meeting of CA, was peace and change. However, the condition or objectives for peace and change have not been achieved yet even after the abandonment of the king.

NC and UML are hatching conspiracy to push the country into conflict. Nepal army and all the other patriotic forces clearly know about it. This shows possibility to form a united front between the Army and Maoist.

e) Assistance and Participation of big population:

Assistance and participation of the people is one of the important conditions for the completion of revolution of any country. In Nepal the majority of the population is with UCPN-Maoist and not with parliamentary parties. Maoist has its 4 million voters. The quantity of vote keeps influence over one and a half crore people out of 2 and a half crore of total population. It is the majority of the population. If we involve patriots, progressive and true republican forces together, the revolution is possible.

f) Efficient & Capable Revolutionary Party:

The first and foremost condition for the fulfillment of the revolution is consolidated and capable revolutionary party. And, UCPN-Maoist is its representative. The party has hundred thousands of trained cadres who have faced many problems and suffering. The chain of leadership is form the local level to the decision making central level. The number will be increased along with the creation of favourable environment of revolution.



Military force is other important factor for People's Revolution. Any of the people's revolution is not success without the army of the people. Nepalese people have this efficiency available with them at this time. People have 19,000 registered PLA in the cantonments and hundred thousands trained YCL

with them.

g). People's Liberation Army and Youth:

Military force is other important factor for People's Revolution. Any of the people's revolution is not success without the army of the people. Nepalese people have this efficiency available with them at this time. People have 19,000 registered PLA in the cantonments and hundred thousands trained YCL with them. This force can be used for the liberation of people, prosperity of the nation and national independency.

Conclusion:

If we study the debate- 'is revolution possible or not in Nepal'- seriously, we come to the conclusion that these debate are not un-objective, false and untruth. Rather, they are true, objective and natural in some extent. The analysis that accepts the impossibility of revolution is also true from that perspective. Along with it, the logics and the analytical expression from the side that accepts the possibility of the revolution is truer from that point of view. However, we should and must be aware that which one is more objective and truthful. We should find out the truth which one is more possible and correct.

The logic the and perspective that sees revolution impossible is obviously weaker, confined and shortsighted. This type of analysis has become unable to include the entire area of Nepalese politics and its objective, subjective, ideological and the practical aspects along with its possibility. This type of analysis only can see the middle class, foreign ruling class, some handful anti people intellectuals and the diplomats. It can not submit the contradictions. the subjective forces of the revolutionary people. Therefore, it has a possibility to leave the strong aspects of the revolution by putting the weaker aspects ahead.

The other aspect that sees the possibility of the revolution is leading the stronger aspects of the revolution though there are some weaknesses. This point of view sees the revolution from its basic foundation. In totality, the revolution is being possible if we adapt the same way of thinking from decision making place to the local party and the people and even in the international area. This type of analysis has involved the issues of revolutionary ideology, a revolutionary party, revolutionary leadership, revolutionary people, people's army and the united front that are the internal aspects of the revolution. It can unify the progressive class, caste, gender and the oppressed people. It is objective and important. This perspective is very important from the point of view of revolution. •

ETHNIC CONFLICT OR POLITICS OF DEMOGRAPHY?

A dangerous conflict is going on between Indian Nepali people and the Khasi people. The violent actions have resulted in worse consequences and Indian Nepali people are being chased from Meghalaya. It is very serious issue not only for the Nepalese origin people but also for the human being. It is very serious in the sense that Nepalese origin people are being burnt under the fire in a broad day light. However, the Central

government of India is hearing nothing rather to say that it is an internal affair of India. But, the notable thing is that if only one Indian origin people is attacked by someone in the foreign land, the central government of India gives quick reaction.

The Nepalese origin people are burnt, their shelters and houses are set fire and inhuman barbaric actions are taken. (About 70 thousand Nepali origin people live there.) The local administration, state administration and the central government are seemed to be indifference towards it. This has made the issue very serious. There are so many questions whether it is a spontaneous incident or the pre-planned? Is it only a real ethnic conflict? Or, is it a uranium debate only? Or, is it the genocidal plan? Or is it an Indian hegemony imposed by other means? These questions are still unanswered and they are under inquiry and research.



Is it ethnic conflict?

After the incident many of the news papers have interpreted it as an ethnic conflict and not a serious incident that can be cooled down and bring under the system. They have easily explained that mistrust was created between the two communities. Ethnicity-based enmity between Nepali-speaking people and Khasi came to take a big form of violence.

It is false objectively because the violence is being frequently made when there is any issue to bargain with Nepal. Indian ruling class has been using this type of inhuman and barbaric weapon to fulfill their own interest in other way. The Nepalese origin people are being chased three times till now. They were chased first in 1970, in 1985 and now (2010). The frequent attack and the violence have mostly terrified the Nepali-speaking people there. It is because a friend from Khasi community in the day turns into a murderer in the evening or at night. This is a reality that is happening in Meghalaya today. The frequent incidents happened between two communities has surely widened the gap of the mistrust between the two language speaking people; however, it is not a spontaneous incident if we analyze it objectively. The surface propaganda or the superficial study about the incident does not carry any of the reporters in the depth reality of the violence happened there. It is being repeated time and again.



The Nepali speaking people are not the migrant people. They are local bhumiputras (son of soil) and they were assimilated in India with their own land. They are the owner of the land. They are dwelling in their own land.

The Cultural Relationship

Khasi and Nepali speaking people have a good relationship between them. They participate in each other's cultural programmes and celebrate it jointly. Due to the long time relationship, the relationship has been changed into a marital relationship. They have a deep

trust and co-work in each other. Therefore, the logic who try to show the mistrust among them that invited the violence is wrong. If we analyze the history of our own, the people do not fight each other until and unless the ruling class does not hatch any conspiracy against each other to fulfill its own interest. Big notorious battles and the bloodshed are happened due to the interest of the ruling class.

If not so, is uranium only cause?

The people are living there very happily and harmoniously



The Nepalese origin people are burnt, their shelters and houses are set fire and inhuman barbaric actions are taken. (About 70 thousand Nepali origin people live there.) The local administration, state administration and the central government are seemed to be indifference towards it.

in the same village and the places since a long time. The natural resources belong to the nation. If there is mine of uranium, it belongs to the state power or the nation. Therefore, the issue of uranium can not be the principal cause of the violence. If there is claim of the land, because it is the border area of both Assam and Meghalaya, that is the issue related to the state powers or the administrations. Yes, people of both the states can involve in the debate. But the relationship among the people always remains friendly so far as the antagonistic tendencies of the powers do not

touch on it. Along with it, we can not deny that there are not any cultural, caste and the regional debates among them. However, it is not a believable thing that such a big bloodshed is not happened without any plan that is against Indian Nepali since the assimilation of the land.

There are very beautiful villages inhabited by the mixup bloods. Though the frequent violence and the attack over the Nepali speaking people have widened the division between two, there is a thin dividing ethnic lines among them. If we analyze only the issue of ethnic dispute from the history, the dispute is not a new one. It has been in existence since the division of Meghalaya and Assam in 1972.

Irresponsibility of the Government:

The place, where the incident has happened, is not so far from the posts of security forces. On the other, there was feeling of insecurity among the people before the incident happened and people have urged the local authorities to take control over the horrifying situation. However, the administration was showing indifference. Only after the Lampi incident, the state government set up a police post in Lampi. The police post was established only for the protection of Khasi people. It is very very negligible act that even the police post was set up there only after the big pressure from agitating Khasi organizations. The surprising thing is that there was already a border outpost of 4th Assam police battalion near Lampi.

Nepali speaking locals believe that there may have been more killings in the hilly sides where nobody has dared to reach except the security forces. The hilly region is linked with the border area of Bangladesh, where thousands of Nepalese labourers are working in coal mines. After the massacre of the Nepali speaking people the authorities may have buried some bodies to save their face. However, the government denies this. Chief Minister of the state Mukul



Sangma seems to try to console the people but his version is not so serious. He warns people 'not to run after the rumours' and the state is 'investigating the matter to find the truth.'

A Genocidal Incident!

The massacre is not a simple thing rather, it is a genocidal. The government of Nepal is really a puppet. It can not even raise the voice against injustice. And, even they think that the Nepalese people are accustomed to bear any type of dishonour and exploitation. Nepali origin Bhutanese people have been chased with the assistance of the Indian ruling class a few years ago. And, the problem has been solved by other means. That to scatter Nepali people in the corners of the world. That is being under the master design of Indian ruling class.

The puppets of Nepal are not publishing even a small notice about the Nepali speaking people who are being chased and murdered. But the conscious and the aware Nepalese people should not forget that the issue can be filed in the international court. The voice should be raised for the protection of the Nepali speaking people.

Indian Hegemony:

This case should be taken from the perspective of the Indian hegemony. Indian ruling class always underestimates the Nepalipeople and the nationality. Indian ruling class has post colonial character. After the end of the rule of the Gora Sahib, Indian Babus from the elite and comprador class are taking reign in their hands. The working class is always repressed.

Politics of Demography:

The root cause hidden behind the Lampi incident is Indian politics of demography. Politics plays main role in the demography and demography itself is politics. India not only knows it very well, but it also gives certain shape and size of the demography in its theoretical application. In some of the African countries and the most of the south Asian countries, Indian ruling class is intentionally extending the dwellings of Indian origin people. One of the best examples is a political situation of Fiji.

In Nepal, the political parties and the government have made an agreement with the Indian ruling class to provide citizenship to the Indian people in the name of the Teraian people of the country. Yes, there are some Teraian



Nepali people who have not got citizenship yet. And, they should get the citizenship. However, we should be aware about it. Contradictorily, Indian ruling class is chasing Indian Nepali people from Indian Territory. This is a game of demographic politics. Technically we see that the Khasi people seem to be responsible for the incident. But, they are doing all this according to the plan of Indian ruling class.

Conclusion:

a) Accept multy-ethnic democracy:

Though India is called to be a big democratic country in South Asia, there is not a real practice of democracy. People can not take decisions according to their own rationale thinking because they are deprived of the autonomous right. India is not only a country

of comprador and the handful elite class; it is also the country of multi-nationalities, multilingual, multi-religions and multi-cultures.

Therefore, the Indian ruling class should accept the extended form of democracy. That is multiethnic democratic exercise. So far India is not ready to accept the multi-ethnic democracy, it will create the plot of ethnic conflict and on the other hand, the contradiction among the ethnic groups and the communities will be widened and will not be narrowed down.

Do not mobilize Gorkha army against any ethnic minority:

The other cause has hidden behind the deployment of Gorkha army against by the Indian ruling class. Indian ruling class, most often, mobilizes Gorkha army to solve the internal conflicts and the problems of the nation. Due to this, the Nepali speaking people will be targeted by the other ethnicities. Therefore, Indian ruling class is responsible to create a conflicting environment in India.

From the above analysis, we come to the conclusion that the Indian ruling class, in totality, is responsible for the incident. The investigation on the Lampi incident should be into a deeper level. The issues of uranium, ethnic conflict or the other are only assistant factors. The root cause of the problem is Indian government. The central government of India has shown its maximum negligence and the state governments also are trying to escape from the reality. •

India should behave democratically

Most often ethnic and community violence happens in India. Frequent revival of the violence and incidents have been internal as well as the external problem also. To happen all these types of incidents there are regrettable in themselves. Moreover, the repeatition of all these things in the democratic nation like India is the problem for all. Democracy can not carry the feudal charactered conflicts ahead in its progress.

Ethnic violences that happen in India usually happen due to the policy of Indian ruling class. Indian ruling class are not only acquinted with the problems of their own country rather, they are avery conscious to make the policies to solve one violence by creating the other. It is the policy of killing fish in troubled water.



The recent incident of Meghalaya shows that Indian politics is exposed through the violences and the interferences whether they happen in India or neighbouring countries. Hiranyalal Shreshtha, expert of foreign affairs of Nepal, says that the people who are being chased from Meghalaya, India, are the bhumiputras of the place from where they are being chased. They are not migrated people. They were assimilaated with their own land.

Chitra Bahadur KC, Chairman of National People's Front, said that the Nepalese government is helpless and standless. It can not serve and help the people even in the country. Therefore, the issue of Nepali speaking people of Meghalaya is far more beyond of its access.

Prof. Dr. Gopal Shiwakoti says that Indian ruling class extends its hand over Nepal, when our country Nepal is in political crisis. Now, Nepali origin Indian people are being chased from Meghalaya. It has been happened in the same time when Nepal is in a long term transition period. Once, when Nepalese people were raising the issue of the border encroachment by India, Indian Foreign Minister SM Krishna critically gave his view by saying, "Sixty lak Nepalese people will be affected if Nepalese raise the boarder issue." Meaning of his saying was that sixty lak people are getting their bread and water in India because they are working there. ullet

Nepal should be free from Indian security umbrella

- "We oppose the acts to attack over the other nationalities which have inhabited on the same land since centuries ago. We respect each-others fundamental rights."
- "We should be free from the Indian security umbrella. The treaty of 1950 should be dissolved. We should make a new treaty independently."
- "We should speak about the Nepali speaking people of the world and should raise voice against language discrimination."
- "Not only Nepali origin people but also other language speaking people in India are dominated by the expansionist policy of Delhi. Some of the Chief Ministers of the states of India also accept it."
- "The imperialists and the expansionists are trying to make a global strategy to crush the mass upsurge and the rebellion of the nation against their hegemony. On the other, a campaign from South America has been started for the support of the mass upsurge of the oppressed and peace loving people of the world."

Krishna Bahadur Mahara

Chief of Party International Department & Standing Committee Member of UCPN-Maoist

NT: Better to enhance self before shifting towards partnership

Nepal Telecom is one of the nation's leading operator and telecom service provider. NT employs first-class people and provides world-leading training systems from renowned suppliers and manufacturing company's i.e. Alcatel lucent, Siemens, Nokia, Huawei, ZTE etc. Rapid technological advancements in voice, data, web services, and wireless devices have made it essential for corporations to keep pace in order remaining competitive. NT hasn't included Telecom giant operator and manufacturer i.e. Alcatel lucent, Siemens, Nokia, Huawei, ZTE etc., with whom they hold a strategic alliance. This means that NT can grasp the knocking opportunities to access business, knowledge and technology from other parts of the telecommunications world. So, in this paper we just surf on Nepal Telecoms position first.

SWOT analysis of NT is must before going to Strategic move.

By definition, Strengths (S) and Weaknesses (W) are considered to be internal factors over which you have some measure of control. Also, by definition, Opportunities (O) and Threats (T) are considered to be external factors over which you have essentially no control. SWOT Analysis is the most renowned tool for audit and analysis of the overall strategic position of the business and its environment. A consistent study of the environment in which the firm operates helps in forecasting/ predicting the changing trends and also helps in including them in the decision-making process of the organization.

An overview of the four factors (Strengths, Weaknesses, Opportunities and Threats) is given below-

1. Strengths

Strengths are the qualities that enable us to accomplish the organization's mission.

- Nepal Telecom has more than 5 million subscribers.
- The company has covered entire Nepal's network which shows the strong base of widening of big volume of customers.
- The technology and equipment is product of world class renowned manufacturer such as SIEMENS, ALCATEL LUCENT, NOKIA, ZTE, HUAWEI etc.
- · Nation's first ranked Engineers and technical

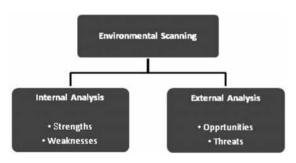


- manpower, highly educated workers, committed employees etc.
- Huge financial resources, broad product line, no debt,

2. Weaknesses

Weaknesses are the qualities that prevent us from accomplishing our mission and achieving our full potential.

- Past cited original weakness is not to having in changing management and working culture. It indicates that before a decade the outsourcing concept had to be deployed.
- Towers are important if company wishes to provide more wide coverage nationally. But NT hasn't so developed new way to install the towers in competitive speed.
- The lack of any real emerging market investment opportunity for the business once the Nepalese market has become mature.
- Depreciating machinery, insufficient research and development facilities,
- Poor decision-making, high employee turnover, complex decision making process, large wastage of raw materials, etc.



3. Opportunities-

Opportunities are presented by the environment within which our organization operates. These arise when an organization can take benefit of conditions in its environment to plan and execute strategies that enable it to become more profitable.

- Introducing New Telecom technology NGN and making concept to shift on IMS, LTE, Mobile TV, High speed Broadband wireless tech,
- More than 35 % market is still chance to grab

soon.

- A bulk volume of amount is ready for diversifying the investment.
- The trust and faith of consumers to Nepal Telecom's services.

4. Threats-

Threats arise when conditions in external environment jeopardize the reliability and profitability of the organization's business.

- Competition leading to excess capacity, price wars and reducing industry profits; etc.
- Inability to foresee the successfulness of longterm projects considering current economic fluctuations.
- Other global telecommunications players move in Nepalese markets.
- Knowledge and technology previously available to Nepal Telecom now moves into the hands of one of its competitors.
- Moving in miles during decision making process from Telecom Board due to untouchable government's policy.

After SWOT Analysis NT can withstand further only it be ready to move further.

SWOT Analysis is instrumental in strategy formulation and selection. It is a strong tool, but it involves a great subjective element. It is best when used as a guide, and not as a prescription. Successful businesses build on their strengths, correct their weakness and protect against internal weaknesses and external threats. They also keep a watch on their overall business environment and recognize and exploit new opportunities faster than its competitors.

The Nepal's telecommunication market has shown tremendous growth over the recent past, even in current situation mainly propelled by the government initiatives aimed at the deregulation of the market and introduction of competition. The TRA (Telecommunication Regulatory Authority) remains at the forefront of the success of the country's telecom sector. It is continuously considering and evaluating ways to further intensify competition in the Nepal's telecom market. •

Will Indian SC Verdict Punish Main Culprit

The question itself explores the hidden reality behind Bhopal Disaster that was happened more than 26 years ago. More than 30 thousand innocent people were killed by the leak of poisonous gas there. In Bhopal, there is a huge industry of gas run by the comprador capitalists under the leadership of a imperial a gent Anderson. The government of India was unable to send Anderson, the main culprit of the incident, to jail due to the excessive pressure of American government over Indian ruling class. Rather, the puppets tried to cool down the incident deploying armed forces against the local people. To show sympathy and the existence of the government, it arrested Anderson and released soon.

The people who were murdered and made crippled were not given ay compensation and relief till many years. The people saw the cruel face of the democratic nation India and its democrat rulers. Passing more than a decade, Anderson paid some very few fine (sum of money) to Indian government; however, Indian ruling class did not seem to provide relief to the victims. Only after a big and historic pressure and demonstration by the victims and the people of the entire nation, Indian central government gave a very few sum of money to them.

Now, after two decades and 6 years, the Supreme Court of India has been able to give its verdict against the culprits of the Bhopal Incident.



During the night of December 2–3, 1984, large amounts of water entered tank 610, containing 42 tons of methyl isocyanides. The resulting exothermic reaction increased the temperature inside the tank to over 200 °C (392 °F), raising the pressure to a level the tank was not designed to withstand. This forced the emergency venting of pressure from the MIC holding tank, releasing a large volume of toxic gases into the atmosphere. The gases flooded the city of Bhopal, causing great panic as people woke up with a burning sensation in their lungs. Thousands died immediately from the effects of the gas and many were trampled in the panic.



The verdict, though given too late, is an admirable work and we all the common people appreciate it. However, there is still a suspicion whether the main culprits will be punished or they will be saved behind the unseen powerful hands and the super powers.

Factors leading to the gas leak include:

- The use of hazardous chemicals (MIC) instead of less dangerous ones
- Storing these chemicals in large tanks instead of over 200 steel drums.
- Possible corroding material in pipelines

- Poor maintenance after the plant ceased production in the early 1980s
- Failureofseveralsafetysystems (due to poor maintenance and regulations).
- Safety systems being switched off to save money—including the MIC tank refrigeration system which alone would have prevented the disaster.

The problem was made worse by the plant's location near a densely populated area, non-existent catastrophe plans and shortcomings in health care and socio-economic rehabilitation. Analysis shows that the parties responsible for the magnitude of the disaster are the two owners, Union Carbide Corporation and the Government of India, and to some extent, the Government of Madhya Pradesh. •





French-Nepal Solidarity
Committee has given a
memorandum to the embassy of
Nepal in France focusing on the
issue of Nepalese politics. The
Nepalese people whether they
are in Nepal or in the foreign
land are very worried about the
stagnated situation of Nepal.
They all want the peace and
constitution for the stability of
Nepal.

The memorandum given to the embassy of Nepal in France reads to seek the political out let in true sense. It reads the prolonging transitional period to be more dangerous for the nation and the people who want change in Nepal. Therefore, it is necessary to increase the pressure of the people over those who are against CA and, therefore, against the nation

and the people.

The banner written "People's Constitution for A New Nepal" itself had expressed the essence of providing memorandum to Prime Minister Madhav Kumar Nepal through the ambassador of Nepal in France.

It was solidarity to the struggle going in Nepal. Like the solidarity committee of France, the other solidarity committees have also conveyed their support and the assistance for the Nepalese people's struggle to advance ahead.

Memoradum reads -

- Form the joint national government to guarantee peace and constitution in Nepal
- Guarantee the civil supremacy and national sovereignty in Nepal
- Guarantee the autonomous regions in Nepal on the basis of Nationality
- Prevent interference in the internal affairs of Nepal
- Make provision of specific right in the constitution to the women and marginalized communities in Nepal
- The unpopular antipeople government must resign immediately
- Give solidarity to the movement of Nepalese People.

CM Leads National United

UCPN Maoist has repeatedly taken a decision that they would be national united government will be formed under the leadership of the party Chairman Com Prachanda.

The meeting of party standing committee has publicly declared its authentic decision once again. However, the alternative to seek the option from other political parties



for the post of Prime Minister is kept open. The source has said that the decision has been repeatedly taken because the other political parties created rumor about the unanimously decision of the party to form the government under the leadership of Chairman. •

Bravo Athenian Rebellions!

Greek people are in the streets. The Athenian streets are full of the workmanship feet of the workers. The real masters of the Greece are in the street to cure the country; which is shaken by the national debt crisis in the period when the whole world is shaking with the economic crisis. Like the other big capitalist countries, the national economy of Greece is also drifting towards bankruptcy. The global capitalist institutions and the organizations like the IMF and the EU imperialists are trying to save the economy of Greece. They have their own interest due to the common European currency. Therefore, it is their duty to save the monopolies by rescuing Greece debt crisis from the danger.

The rebel of the Greek people is in integrated package of poverty. The rebellion is against the Greek bourgeoisie. The bourgeois ruling class is trying to make the working class and the labourers pay for their crisis and their bankruptcy with help of the IMF and the EU. Though the bourgeois have declared the end of the crisis and gradual development in it, it is only a bogus scream. The crisis is continuing being reflected in enormous fast rise of national debt, which the bourgeoisie is trying to put over everybody's head.

In which way the bankruptcy in Greece is not limited within Greece, the resistance of the Greek people, workers, labourers and oppressed is not limited within Greece. The workers and the peasants as well as the exploited people of the world are with them. The workers are internationalist. They are not limited within the boundaries of nationality or the borders of the geographical division. They have their own class slogan- unite all the workers of the world. We Nepalese people borrow your words- "Now it is time to light the fire of the streets of Athens everywhere against capitalist barbarity, for resistance and solidarity!"

The armed and peaceful movements all over the world are run by the workers. The revolutionary parties, organizations and the individuals are in favour of you because you and your rebel is for the liberation of the people. You have fought to liberate the whole human being from the handful exploiters, the bourgeois. Red salute from the land of Everest! Nepalese people are with you. You are among us. Bravo Athenian rebellions! •

Oil Spewing yet Unstopped!

A very dangerous situation has been created due to the imperial global business. Before this, imperial business had given its bad impacts only over the atmosphere and the land. Now, the sea has not been its prey through a cruel exploitation and destruction of oil spewing. The oil explosion has brought a catastrophe in the marine life.

It's been more than a month of an explosion in undersea well that continues to gush oil into the Gulf of Mexico. In the following weeks, the efforts taken by the oil companies are not fruitful. However, there have been attempts to contain and control the scope of the environmental damage.

The extincting sea creatures like sharks, blue whales and dolphins are washing ashore. Crabs, turtles and birds are being found soaked in oil and dead in Louisiana's wetlands.

Scientists are fearing about the destruction of ecosystem.

Latest developed science and technology has been used for the remedy. Robots a mile beneath the Gulf of Mexico positioned the inverted funnel-like lid over the main pipe on the leaking well. However, the result has shown that the oil seemed unimpeded. Even if it becomes successful, this is only a temporary and partial fix.

While there is debate and anxiety about the issue, the effort makers are all angry and frustrated. They openly accept, "We're growing really weary. We're tired. We're sick and tired of being sick and tired. Someone's got to help us get to the top of that mountain."



This anger has been heard even in the White House. President Barack Obama is not unheard about the news and he has criticized the oil companies and its owners. However, the analysts say that it is only a formal saying nof President Barack. Even the common people are very much worried about the endangered ecosystem.

The effort of oil leaking stopping has not still getting any improvement. Now, an estimated 500,000 to 1 million gallons of crude is believed to be leaking daily. •

FIFA World Cup 2010

The opening ceremony was grandly done. Nearly two hundreds of artists, singers and dancers have shown South African art, culture, tradition continuously for 40 minutes. Soccer city stadium was full of colourful lights and it was decorated like a beautiful bride. The full capacity (94 thousand seat) of soccer city stadium was totally taken by the football lovers around the world.

Phadindra Phuyal

19th Fifa World Cup
Football Tournament has been
inaugurated in Soccer City
Stadium, Johannesburg, South
Africa on June 11 (28 Jestha)
. On the opening ceremony
former president Nelson
Mandela could not attend due
to his great grand daughter
Zenani's death on car accident,
the proir day.' Fifa President
Joseph S. Blatter saddened by
Zenani's sudden and untimely
demise' Fifa said through
condolence letter.

World Cup Football is the greatest festival of football and sports lovers. So, the whole

world's eyes are now centralized on the host country South Africa. World Cup takes place in every 4 years.

The opening ceremony was grandly done. Nearly two hundreds of artists, singers and dancers have shown South African art, culture, tradition continuously for 40 minutes. Soccer city stadium was full of colourful lights and it was decorated like a beautiful bride. The full capacity (94 thousand seat) of soccer city stadium was totally taken by the football lovers around the world.

South African President
Jacob Juma inaugurated the
ceremony. He believed that
this tournament will bring a
great change in South Africa.
On inauguration ceremony
president Juma said ' the great
opportunity to host such a
tournament in his country is
due to Nelson Mandela, this is
all Mandela's credit.

This is the first time South Africa hosting Fifa World Cup. Since 1994, this country was trying to host the tournament.



Begins

In 2006 South Africa defeated with Germany by one vote regarding the election of host. After that South African former President Nelson Mandela played a vital role to collect international vote to be a host country. This tournament is believed to bring peace and prosperity around the world.

10 stadiums Ellis Park, Peter Mokaba, Free State, Green point, Moses Mabhida, Mbombela, Nelson Mandela Bay Stadium, Soccer City, Royal Bafokeng and Loftus Versveld are nicely decorated for the match. For the successfully completion of the tournament 29 international referee are chosen. Among them 10 are Europeans, 6 are from South America, 4 from Central and North America, 3 Africans, 4 from Asia and 2 are Australians.

The total prize budget is 42 crore (4 hundred 20 million) American dollar. Among that winner gets 3 crore, 2nd prize is 40 laks and semi final entry team gets 2 crore dollars.

The tournament has 32 participating countries. They will play altogether 62 matches. This time the countries like Argentina, Brazil, Italy, Germany, England, France, Netherlands, Spain and Portugal are expecting teams. Among them, European three countries Netherlands, Spain and Portugal have not won The World Cup. Remaining six countries have already written their names on the page of history.

2010 World Cup Final Match will be on 11 July (Ashadh 11). •



Conspiracy behind the Army Integration

Integration of Army has been a hot issue since 12-point understanding was made. Probably it was the central issue of the state restructuring, one of the most important agendas put forwarded by Maoist in the beginning of peace process. However, it is becoming more complex due to the conspiracies and the deeds of Nepal Army which is violating the norms of Comprehensive Peace Accord (CPA).

After the CPA, an agreement for the Management of Arms and the Army was made. According to it, People's Liberation Army (PLA) is in the temporary cantonments and they are honestly obeying the norms that were signed to follow in practice. However, Nepal Army has violated the norms frequently, sometimes by recruiting or sometimes by coming out of the barrack.

These days, Nepal Army has opened a new recruitment in the vacant posts in its security mechanism. According to the norms of the CPA and the agreement for the management of arms and the armies, both the armies have not been allowed even to launch their mobility and recruit the soldiers in vacant and the new posts created by the mechanisms. Therefore, the debate, now, is in the issue of recruiting army.

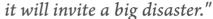
The debate was taking its root towards whether the army will be integrated before writing a new constitution or after writing a new constitution. This has been a hot debate since after the expiry of the stipulated date of CA and its extension for one year.

Military specialist Indrajit Rai says, "Both the issues are in the existence. On the one hand, there is a issue of army integration and, on the other, there is army recruitment. It was possible to recruit and fight against each other if there was a period of war. Now its a peace process and both the armies should follow the norms what was done by the political parties for peace, constitution and the advancement."

To clarify he situation, Rai gives an example and says, "In the

"It is electronic and atomic era, therefore, the quality should be maintained according to it. Military Integration can not be the issue to fight each-other.

The issue should be to modernize the army as soon as the completion of integration. If the political parties try to push PLA soldiers in to the corner,





stone-age, there were also wars and wars were usually fought with the stones. Now, the time has changed and its atomic period. We have experienced 1st and the 2nd World War. Therefore, the debate should be in the issues on how armies should be made advanced and learned, but, the debate should not be made on if the integration should or not because both the armies have fought for the nation and its people. They should be integrated to make national army."

But the political situation is biasedandthereisnoharmonious environment in the country now. The foreign powers are playing games interfering in the internal affairs of the nation. The contradictions created among the national political forces have been good opportunities for them and they have provided places to step down and make the political forces fight. Realizing the reality, Military expert Rai says, "It is electronic and atomic era, therefore, the quality should be maintained according to it. Military Integration can not be the issue to fight each-other. The issue should be to modernize the army as soon as the completion of integration. If the political

parties try to push PLA soldiers in to the corner, it will invite a big disaster."

The political parties are seeing their interest in the disintegration of armies. The foreign powers want instability in the country like Nepal for their continuous hegemony. This has brought up angst against the foreign powers. This will be led towards the movement of the national independence. Indian ruling class is practicing its power maximum in Nepal. That is not a digestable issue for the nationalist and the patriotic forces of Nepal.

The ground reality is that the representatives and the sons and the daughters of the oppressed, marginalized, and exploited and the repressed are in the PLA soldiers. PLA has been the army of the people and the hope of the liberation. In practice, the monarchy has been eliminated on the assistance of it. It was impossible if there was not PLA even in the people's movement the 2nd. But, the status quo political parties are hatching conspiracies for the fulfillment of their interest. If they do not try to understand the ground reality, it, actually, invite a dangerous scenario in the politics to come. •

Upesh Maharjan

'Tranquility'

Peace, peace and peace
What's the meaning?
What's the theme?
What's the source?
What's the result?
De facto,
What is it?

Peace, peace and peace
Who'll give it?
When'll it be given?
Who'll take it?
How'll be benefited?
De facto,
What is it?

Peace, peace and peace
Is it being watched?
Is it being smelt?
Is it being tasted?
Is it being heard?
Is it being felt?

Is it possible to quench the thirst?

De facto,

De facto, What is it?

Peace, peace and peace
Is it abstract?
Is it corpse peace?
Is it actual peace for all?
Is it for good?

De facto,
What is it?

Peace, peace and peace
Is peace synonym to Buddha?
Is peace the light?
Is peace freedom?
Is peace respect?
Is peace justice?
Is peace goodwill?

Is peace human rights?
Is peace God gifted?
De facto,
What is it?

Peace, peace and peace
Is it for social discrimination?
Is it for class conflict?
Is it for caste conflict?
Is it for sex conflict?
Is it for insecurity?
Is it for economic inequality?
Is it for religious radicalism?
Is it for political supremacy?

De facto, What is it?

Peace, peace and peace
Is peace for social transformation?
Is peace for national integration?
Is peace for people's supremacy?
Is peace for sovereignty?
De facto,
What is it?

Peace, peace and peace
Will it be achieved?
-Flying some white pigeons?

Shouting slogans of peace?Demonstrating the peace movement?revolutionizing the power of people?

De facto, What is it?

Peace, peace and peace
Is peace food?
Is peace clothes?
Is peace shelter?
Is peace truth?
De facto,
What is it? •

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