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COMMUNIQUE

With profound sorrow, we learned that on April 11, 1985 at 2:15 a.m., the most beloved and respected Comrade Enver Hoxha, First Secretary of the Central Committee of the Party of Labour of Albania, Chairman of the General Council of the Democratic Front of Albania and Commander-in-Chief of the Albanian Armed Forces, passed away.

The Communist Party of Canada (Marxist-Leninist) deeply mourns the death of Comrade Enver Hoxha. Comrade Enver Hoxha will live in our hearts forever, his life and work inspiring us and illuminating our path, the path which is opened up by the teachings of Marx, Engels, Lenin and Stalin to which Comrade Enver Hoxha made a great contribution.

Comrade Enver Hoxha lived and worked for the cause of the Albanian people, for the triumph of the revolution and socialism in Albania and the defence of the homeland, and for the cause of the proletarians and oppressed peoples of all lands. He will always be remembered, loved and respected for his outstanding contribution to these great causes.

To honour the memory and work of Comrade Enver Hoxha, the Communist Party of Canada (Marxist-Leninist) will hold solemn meetings all across the country, beginning with the Memorial Meetings in Montreal and Toronto on April 21, 1985.

Political Bureau of the Central Committee,
Communist Party of Canada (Marxist-Leninist)

TELEGRAM

to the Central Committee of the Party of Labour of Albania
from Comrade Hardial Bains, First Secretary of the Central Committee of the Communist Party of Canada (Marxist-Leninist)

Central Committee
Party of Labour of Albania
Tirana

Dearest comrades:

With the deepest sorrow we received the news of the death of the most respected and beloved Comrade Enver Hoxha. On behalf of the Central Committee of our Party, of all the Canadian communists, of all the revolutionary workers, youth, women and progressive forces, with deepest grief we express to you, and through you to all the Albanian communists, workers, cooperativists, intellectuals, women and youth, our sincerest condolences on the death of your beloved and outstanding leader, Comrade Enver Hoxha, First Secretary of the Central Committee of the Party of Labour of Albania, Chairman of the General Council of the Democratic Front of Albania and Commander-in-Chief of the armed forces.

We profoundly share your loss. Comrade Enver Hoxha will live in the hearts of the Canadian communists, dearly beloved, profoundly honoured and respected for all time. His death-defying courage, his farsighted wisdom and skill in the most difficult conditions, his unswerving adherence and loyalty to Marxism-Leninism, the brilliance of his contribution to Marxism-Leninism and its further enrichment, his pure love and devotion to the Albanian people and to the cause of the workers and peoples everywhere, his close attention to the unity of the International Marxist-Leninist Communist Movement and the Marxist-Leninist communist parties of all lands, his profound patriotism and revolutionary spirit, shine before us in these...
moments of deep grief which we feel. These qualities fill us with love, give us strength to face even the mightiest of enemies and to fulfill our revolutionary duty, just as Comrade Enver Hoxha did throughout his life, showing us the way forward, the path for all patriotic, revolutionary and anti-imperialist forces and for the genuine Marxist-Leninist communists.

Under the leadership of Comrade Enver Hoxha and the PLA (formerly the CPA), the Albanian people, by shedding their own blood, opened up the bright and happy life they live today. Comrade Enver Hoxha and the Party he founded and led, and all the patriotic forces in the National Liberation War, withstood the fascist occupiers and the traitors and won victory over them.

With utmost skill, the foundations of the new Albania were laid in the difficult conditions of the National Liberation War, showing the brilliant application of the Marxist-Leninist teachings and the farsightedness and wisdom of Comrade Enver Hoxha. Today in the present conditions of savage imperialist-revisionist encirclement and the turbulent international situation, Socialist Albania is forging ahead without any kind of crisis. The outstanding example of Socialist Albania under the leadership of the PLA and the brilliant life and work of Comrade Enver Hoxha are a most important contribution to the peoples of the entire world who are fighting for national liberation and social progress. A small country, standing on its own in defiance of the greatest imperialist-revisionist pressure, has lived free and independent for more than forty years, admired by all progressive mankind, standing as a shining example and a beacon for the workers and oppressed peoples everywhere, proving not only the concrete necessity for revolution, but its inevitability as well.

The victories you have won on the basis of self-reliance, the titanic struggle waged by the PLA and the people under the outstanding leadership of Comrade Enver Hoxha by organizing and mobilizing the people according to the teachings of Marxism-Leninism and achieving the Party-people unity as the basis of victories, not only inspire us, but are a stern warning to imperialism, social-imperialism, the bourgeoisie and all reaction and revisionism and opportunism of all hues that the peoples shall not passively accept their fate, that they too shall build a future for themselves and defend it gun in hand like the heroic Albanian people.

The struggle waged by the PLA with Comrade Enver Hoxha at the head, in defence of Marxism-Leninism and against modern revisionism of all hues, whether Titoite revisionism, Khrushchevite, Chinese, Eurocommunism, Mao Zedong Thought or any other variety, is an historic epic. This unwavering and deep-going struggle has not only defended the Albanian homeland and illuminated the path for the profound socialist transformation and the defence of the dictatorship of the proletariat, but has also defended and enriched the teachings of Marx, Engels, Lenin and Stalin and has carried forward the cause of world revolution.

The brilliance of the example of socialist construction and revolution in Albania and the defence of the homeland daily enhances the prestige of Socialist Albania, Comrade Enver Hoxha and the PLA and the significance of Comrade Enver Hoxha’s profound and outstanding contribution to the cause of the proletarians and peoples of all lands.

We highly evaluate the works of Comrade Enver Hoxha which are permeated with Marxist-Leninist thought, bringing to the fore the reality, the contradictions and the trends, the forces in combat, and the prospects for the peoples, and which are a great inspiration and guide to all the Marxist-Leninists the world over. These works enrich the treasury of Marxism-Leninism, and are the requirement for all Marxist-Leninist communists to lead our common cause to victory.

At this time of profound loss, allow us to express our deep feelings of friendship and support for the Central Committee of the PLA, all Albanian communists and the entire Albanian people. We are certain that under the leadership of the PLA, the Albanian people will continue
to achieve every success in the development of
the revolution, in the construction of socialism
and the defence of the homeland.

The Canadian communists and all the revolu-
tionary forces of our country will defend Social­
ist Albania, the PLA and the immortal work of
Comrade Enver Hoxha as the apple of our eye,
as our internationalist duty and honour, as our
integral work for the victory of our common
cause — the victory of the revolution and social­
ism, the cause to which Comrade Enver Hoxha
devoted his entire energy, his entire life and
work.

Dear comrades, allow us on this occasion
to pledge to you that we shall always remain
your loyal friends, maintaining the fidelity to
our friendship, our common cause and our com-
mon work for the triumph of the revolution and
socialism on the path opened up by the teach­
ings of Marx, Engels, Lenin and Stalin, the
path which has been proven to be invincible by
the life and work of Comrade Enver Hoxha,
who led his Party and people in their most
militant and uncompromising struggle against
imperialism, social-imperialism, the bourgeo­
sie and all reaction and revisionism and oppor-
tunism of all hues in their service and who has
left an indelible mark on history.

Glory to the Brilliant and Immortal Work of
Comrade Enver Hoxha!

Long Live the Party of Labour of Albania!

Long Live the People’s Socialist Republic of
Albania!

Glory to Marxism-Leninism!

With deepest condolences,
Hardial Bains,
First Secretary
Central Committee
Communist Party of Canada (Marxist-Leninist)

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TELEGRAM

to Comrade Nexhmije Hoxha
from Comrade Hardial Bains, First Secretary of the Central Committee
of the Communist Party of Canada (Marxist-Leninist)

Comrade Nexhmije Hoxha,
Tirana

Dearest Comrade:

With profound sorrow we learned of the
death of the most respected and beloved Com­
rade Enver Hoxha. Allow us to express to you
and to all the members of your family our
deepest condolences and the profound
sympathy of all the Canadian communists and
of the revolutionary workers, women, youth
and progressive forces of our country for your
great loss.

We profoundly feel and share your loss. Com­
rade Enver Hoxha will live in our hearts forever,
his life and work inspiring us and illuminating
our path, the path which is opened up by the
teachings of Marx, Engels, Lenin and Stalin and
which Comrade Enver Hoxha proved is in-
vincible with his indelible contribution to the
cause of the Albanian people and the
proletarians and oppressed peoples of all lands
for the triumph of the revolution and socialism.

On this occasion of deepest grief, we pledge to
remain the loyal friends of the glorious PLA of
Comrade Enver Hoxha, the loyal friends of
socialist Albania and of the Albanian people.
We are certain that you will know how to turn
your deep grief into profound strength for the
further advance of the common cause we hold
so dear.

Glory to the Brilliant and Immortal Work of
Comrade Enver Hoxha!

Long Live the Party of Labour of Albania!

Long Live the People’s Socialist Republic of
Albania!

Glory to Marxism-Leninism!

With deepest sympathy,
Hardial Bains,
First Secretary,
Central Committee,
Communist Party of Canada (Marxist-Leninist)
ANNOUNCEMENT

The Central Committee of the Party of Labour of Albania,
The Presidium of the People's Assembly of the People's Socialist Republic of Albania,
The Council of Ministers of the People's Socialist Republic of Albania,
The General Council of the Democratic Front of Albania

Comrades, communists, workers, cooperativists, intellectuals, women and the youth of Albania, veterans of the war and compatriots,

With the deepest grief we inform you that today, April 11, 1985, at 02:15 hours, the heart of the beloved and glorious leader of the Party and our people, Comrade Enver Hoxha, First Secretary of the Central Committee of the Party of Labour of Albania, Chairman of the General Council of the Democratic Front of Albania, Commander-in-Chief of our armed forces, ceased to beat. The founder of our glorious Party, the organizer and leader of the National Liberation War and of our people’s revolution, the architect of the construction of the new socialist Albania, departed from our ranks forever. The heroic commander of our National Liberation Army, he who created the Democratic Front and laid the foundations of the people’s power, closed his eyes forever.

The life and work of Enver Hoxha is the living history of present-day Albania. His name is linked with all the class battles and with all the victories of the Party and the Albanian people. At all the phases which our people have lived through, from the day when the Communist Party was founded up to this date, whenever the fate of the people and of the homeland were in balance, his thinking and personality were always present. At all key moments when the road which had to be followed and the struggle which had to be waged were being chosen, his leadership and guidance were always decisive.

A staunch revolutionary, a devoted patriot, Enver Hoxha was the first amongst the Albanian communists who understood the great historical necessity of founding the Communist Party, the sole leading force capable of uniting the people and leading them in the struggle for the liberation of Albania and the establishment of people’s state power. To him belongs the outstanding historical merit that at the gravest moments of fascist occupation and oppression and the national betrayal by the old political forces, he created this leading force, strengthened it organizationally and educated it ideologically. With his stand at the head of the Party, he waged stern battles with foreign and internal enemies, opportunists and factionalists, drafted and worked out the general political line of the National Liberation War. He found and laid down the roads to the achievement of the triumph of November 29, 1944.

Under the leadership of Comrade Enver Hoxha, the Party realized the unity of the Albanian people in the National Liberation Front. He was the initiator and the organizer of the historic Conference of Peza. For the first time, our people achieved a fighting unity on the basis of a platform which expressed their desires and genuine national aspirations. It was this unity which withstood the savage forces of the fascist occupiers and the traitors to the country. Comrade Enver Hoxha is the direct organizer of the National Liberation Army. Under his command, our glorious partisans fought with unprecedented heroism within and beyond the borders of Albania, and with the support of the patriotic forces of the whole people liberated our beloved homeland.

The creation of the people’s power and the new Albanian state which were born in the flames of the National Liberation War have their roots in the revolutionary thinking and leadership of Comrade Enver Hoxha. Under his care and according to his teachings, the People’s Councils became powerful weapons of the dic-


tatorship of the proletariat, of the democracy of
the masses and of the socialist construction.

Comrade Enver Hoxha drafted and worked out
the programme of magnificent transformations and of the construction of the new
socialist society. Under the leadership of the
communists with Comrade Enver at the head,
triumphant battles were waged for indushrialization, the construction of all those
monumental projects which the new working
class gave the country, as well as a powerful base
or the all-round economic and social
development.

Firmly relying on Marxism-Leninism and be­
ing intimately acquainted with the centuries-old
suffering and aspirations of our patriotic
peasantry, Comrade Enver Hoxha gave funda­
damental instructions for the collectivization
and modernization of agriculture. The
correctness of the road laid down by the Party is
clearly evident in the reality of the cooperativist
village today.

Comrade Enver Hoxha led the Party and the
people in the realization of the deep-going
ideological and cultural revolution which is be­
ing carried out in our country. The fact that to­
day Albania is an advanced socialist country
developing on its own forces, the homeland of a
people liberated from every kind of social and
spiritual oppression, a country of democ­
dracy and well-being for all, of education and
culture for the broad masses of the people —
this is the merit of the struggle waged by the
Albanian people with the Party and Comrade
Enver Hoxha at the head. There is no field of
political, ideological or social activity of the
Party and our state in which the philosophical
thinking, organizational force and leading ac­
tivity of Comrade Enver Hoxha are not ex­
pressed. He worked out the general line of the
foreign policy and the stand of the Party and our
state towards international problems. This
policy of resolute opposition to American
imperialism, Soviet social-imperialism and
world reaction and of sincere support for the
revolutionary and liberation struggles of the
peoples, and solidarity with the democratic and
anti-imperialist forces, has strengthened the
international positions of our country, in­
creased the admiration and respect for socialist
Albania in the world, multiplied its friends and
well-wishers.

Under the leadership of Comrade Enver Hox­
ha, the Party of Labour of Albania has waged a
heroic struggle against modern revisionism. No
one has defended the teachings of Marx, Engels,
Lenin and Stalin from the opportunist dis­
tortions with such revolutionary purpose as he
at every moment and in every situation. No one
has exposed the policy of social-imperialism
and the social-chauvinist activity of the Titoites,
the Khrushchovites and other renegades as he
did. No one has fought with so much force and
determination as he against the internal enemies
of the Party, groups of factionalists and
foreign agents, from Koçi Xoxe up to the band
of Mehmet Shehu. This struggle was the
salvation for the Party, the people and our
homeland.

Comrade Enver Hoxha ranks amongst those
outstanding revolutionaries who have made a
brilliant and special contribution to the
development of the Marxist-Leninist
theoretical thinking that affects all the questions
of the revolution and the construction of
socialism. The conclusions of the experience of
the liberation war and of the practice of the
construction of our new society, the analyses
and conclusions on the processes of present-day
world development, are of remarkable
ideological value, points of orientation and
reference for day-to-day revolutionary activity.
As a genuine internationalist, he has tirelessly
supported the new Marxist-Leninist parties and
their revolutionary struggle. He has always
stood by them and attentively followed the
struggle for their consolidation and progress.

Comrade Enver Hoxha is the greatest his­
torical figure of our people and nation, who
will light up the road of the present generation
and those to come with an inextinguishable
radiance. He will live on for all eternity in the
hearts of all the communists and our people,
dearly beloved, profoundly honoured and
respected. With his work and his teachings, he will always be near them to inspire them in struggle and at work for the good of the homeland and communism.

Let his fiery appeal addressed to the Albanian people on the occasion of the 40th anniversary of the liberation of the homeland remain a banner of struggle: “Let us guard what we have achieved as the apple of our eye. Let us go on consistently to develop it further, to leave the coming generations an Albania ever stronger, always red like the undying flame of the hearts and ideals of communists and partisans, an Albania which will live and progress through the centuries. I am convinced that the people and the Party will raise the honour, respect and name of socialist Albania higher and higher in the world.”

This is also the unanimous oath which our Party of Labour of Albania and all the Albanian people take today. At these moments of profound grief for the loss of our beloved leader, comrade and teacher, Enver Hoxha, let us strengthen our steel-like unity and tighten the ranks around the Party and its Central Committee. Let us mobilize our forces even more to make our Albania what Comrade Enver wanted it to be — powerful, prosperous and advanced. Let us work tirelessly as he worked and fought for half a century on end, to raise his name even higher. Glory to the brilliant and immortal work of Comrade Enver Hoxha!

The Central Committee of the Party of Labour of Albania
The Presidium of the People’s Assembly of the People’s Socialist Republic of Albania
The Council of Ministers of the People’s Socialist Republic of Albania
The General Council of the Democratic Front of Albania
Tirana, April 11, 1985

(Radio Tirana. April 11, 1985)

Decision on the Creation of the Commission for the Organization of the Funeral of Comrade Enver Hoxha

The Central Committee of the Party of Labour of Albania, the Presidium of the People’s Assembly of the People’s Socialist Republic of Albania, the Council of Ministers of the People’s Socialist Republic of Albania and the General Council of the Democratic Front of Albania decided to create the committee for the organization of the funeral of Comrade Enver Hoxha, the outstanding leader of the Albanian Party and people, the First Secretary of the Central Committee of the Party of Labour of Albania, the Chairman of the General Council of the Democratic Front of Albania, the Commander-in-Chief of the armed forces of the People’s Socialist Republic of Albania, composed of the following comrades:


The Central Committee of the Party of Labour of Albania
The Presidium of the People’s Assembly of the People’s Socialist Republic of Albania
The Council of Ministers of the People’s Socialist Republic of Albania
The General Council of the Democratic Front of Albania
Tirana, April 11, 1985

(Radio Tirana. April 11, 1985.)
Decision on the Proclamation of National Mourning to Honour the Memory of Comrade Enver Hoxha

To honour the memory and work of the beloved leader of the Party and the Albanian people, Comrade Enver Hoxha, the Central Committee of the Party of Labour of Albania, the Presidium of the People’s Assembly of the People’s Socialist Republic of Albania and the Council of Ministers of the People’s Socialist Republic of Albania decided to proclaim April 11, 12, 13, 14, 15, 16, 17 and 18 days of national mourning. All state and social institutions and organs must raise the national flag at half mast. All the musical, cinematographic performances, concerts and other cultural and sports activities will be interrupted. At the time of the burial, work will be interrupted for five minutes at all the work and production centres, and the sirens of factories, trains and ships will be blown. At the same time, there will be 21 volleys of guns in the capital of our homeland, Tirana, and five volleys of guns in the cities of Girokastra, Vlora, Kruja, Korça, Peshkopia, Shkodra, Pukes, Berat, Durrës and Elbasan.

The Central Committee of the Party of Labour of Albania
The Presidium of the People’s Assembly of the People’s Socialist Republic of Albania
The Council of Ministers of the People's Socialist Republic of Albania

(Radio Tirana, April 11, 1985).

Announcement of the Commission for the Organization of the Funeral of Comrade Enver Hoxha

The coffin bearing the body of the leader of the Party and people, Comrade Enver Hoxha, will be laid in the Hall of the Presidium of the People’s Assembly for the working people to pay their final homage. Homage will be paid from April 12 to 13, 1985 from 9:00 hours to 13:00 hours and from 16:30 hours to 19:00 hours, and on April 15 from 8:00 hours to 10:00 hours. The memorial ceremony will be held at 11:00 hours on April 15, 1985, in Skanderbeg Square. The burial will take place at the Martyrs of the Nation Cemetery.

The Commission, Tirana, April 11, 1985

(Radio Tirana, April 11, 1985.)

Medical Communique

Since 1948, Comrade Enver Hoxha had suffered from the disease of diabetes, which with the passage of time caused widespread damage to the blood vessels, heart, kidneys and several other organs. As a result of this damage, in 1973 he had a myocardial infarct with arrhythmia. In later years a grave cardiac insufficiency built up. A year ago he suffered ischemic damage of the brain with transient paralysis. On the morning of April 9, 1985, there was an unexpected cessation of the heart by ventricular fibrillation. Despite the intensive medical treatment, the repetition of the ventricular fibrillation and the irreversible consequences on the brain and kidneys caused death at 2:15 hours on April 11, 1985.

The team of doctors
Tirana, April 11, 1985.

(Radio Tirana, April 11, 1985.)
COMRADE ENVER HOXHA!

Comrade Enver Hoxha, leader of the Party of Labour of Albania, was an outstanding Marxist-Leninist revolutionary, a man of revolutionary thought and action, and the most outstanding leader of the International Marxist-Leninist Communist Movement in our time.

The major historic victories in the life of the Albanian people — the creation of the Communist Party, the creation of the Party-people unity and establishment of the people's power in the victorious National Liberation War, the construction of socialism and the development of the revolutionary, internationalist foreign policy, a policy of true independence and sovereignty, hostile to the two superpowers and world reaction, and the triumphant struggle against all internal and external enemies of Albania, the revolution and the cause of socialism — are inseparably linked with the name and work of Comrade Enver Hoxha, with his revolutionary action, theoretical thinking and leadership. The name and work of Comrade Enver Hoxha is the living history of Albania.

Comrade Enver Hoxha was the loyal disciple and continuer of the work of Marx, Engels, Lenin and Stalin. His entire theoretical work is a Marxist-Leninist summation of the struggle of the Party, and of the efforts of the people on the path charted by the Party for the liberation of the homeland, for the victory of the people's revolution and the socialist construction of the country. Through this work, Comrade Enver Hoxha not only led the advance of the Albanian people, but made a contribution to the treasury of Marxism-Leninism, further enriching it with his profound analyses.

Comrade Enver Hoxha fought tirelessly against the internal and external enemies of the Party, against the agencies of the bourgeoisie and imperialism. He waged the struggle against the different traitors, foreign renegades and agents in the ranks of the Party, from Koçi Xoxe up to Mehmet Shehu and company. He led a heroic struggle against the enemies and detractors of Marxism-Leninism and the cause of the revolution and socialism, against the modern revisionists of all hues, from the Titoites and Khrushchovites to the Chinese revisionists and Eurocommunists. He contributed a stunning defence of the Leninist theory on imperialism and revolution.

Comrade Enver Hoxha, as an outstanding Marxist-Leninist and proletarian internationalist worked tirelessly for the unity and strengthening of the International Marxist-Leninist Communist Movement. He stands out as the most significant and outstanding Marxist-Leninist and revolutionary of our times, a great revolutionary thinker and man of action. His name and work are immortal.

Founder of the Communist Party of Albania

Comrade Enver Hoxha founded the Communist Party of Albania (today, the Party of Labour of Albania). He saw the need for the creation of the Party and the establishment of its leading role for the triumph of the revolution in Albania. Comrade Enver Hoxha defended this Leninist idea on the party in the conditions where the working class was as yet small and little formed in Albania. He put forward the thesis that the working class can play its leading role even in these conditions, because this leading role is exercised through the party, which is based on the ideology of the proletariat, Marxism-Leninism.

Comrade Enver Hoxha put forward the historic proposal for the founding of the Party at the meeting of the representatives of communist groups on November 8, 1941. He pointed out: “This is demanded by the objective conditions, by the working class. The communists demand it. The historic moments our country is experiencing demand it. The people demand it, who are appealing to us to rise in struggle together with them. We cannot sidestep this principal objective for a single moment more, comrades.”

Comrade Enver Hoxha drew the general conclusion that: “Currently, not only is it a possibility, but it is a necessity to create the Marxist-Leninist Communist Party of the proletariat everywhere, in every country of the world, irrespective of the level of economic and social development, as the leading party of the working class even though its numbers may be small. Of great importance is the experience of the Communist Party of Albania, that in those conditions it knew how to assume the leadership of the masses in the struggle and the revolution, to secure their trust and be accepted by them as the sole and incontestable leader. The forty years long experience of the Party of Labour
of Albania also proved the exceptionally important lesson that in the period of the construction of socialism, too, up until the classes are extinguished and communism is built, the existence of the party of the working class and its leading role in society are vital.

Comrade Enver Hoxha refuted the revisionist idea of so-called political pluralism under socialism, the idea of the preservation and cooperation of many political parties even under conditions of socialism. Revisionists, such as the Chinese revisionists, put forward the revisionist thesis that the party of the proletariat would not only coexist for a long period of time with other, bourgeois, parties, but that these would even exercise “mutual supervision” over one another.

Comrade Enver Hoxha also refuted the idea of the Khrushchovite revisionists according to which the party of the proletariat becomes obsolete under socialism as a result of the construction of the economic base of socialism and the liquidation of the antagonistic classes. The Soviet modern revisionists advanced the idea of the so-called party of the whole people in place of the party of the proletariat, and in this way justified the liquidation of the Marxist-Leninist party and its leading role throughout the entire period of transition from capitalism to communism.

Thus, Comrade Enver Hoxha pointed out that wherever other parties are preserved, the antagonistic classes are also preserved, and wherever the party of the proletariat is liquidated, there the role of the proletariat is usurped by the bourgeoisie.

Far from eliminating the leading role of the party, the work of the construction of socialism, such as has been carried out in Albania has testified to the continuous strengthening and enhancement of the leading role of the party. Drawing important conclusions from the historic experience of the construction of socialism in Albania and from the experience of the degeneration of the parties in the revisionist countries, and in the struggle against all the internal enemies which sought to undermine the leadership of the Party, Comrade Enver Hoxha enriched the teaching of Marxism-Leninism on the leading role of the Party.

At the Eighth Congress of the Party of Labour of Albania, Comrade Enver Hoxha pointed out: “No problem, simple or complicated, present or future, can be solved without the leadership of the Party. This has always been and remains a law. This leadership guarantees the successful construction of socialism, ensures the centralized direction for the sole aim, of all the work which is done in the country. It blocks the road to the possibility of the distortion of its line and to unlawful and hostile acts, defends socialism and the victories gained.”

Comrade Enver Hoxha also put forward the ideas that the proletarian party must be proletarian in its composition as well as in its line and ideology; that it must have a monolithic unity and that it must be closely linked with the masses. On all these Leninist ideas on the party of the proletariat, Comrade Enver Hoxha further enriched the Marxist-Leninist treasury.

Basing itself on the proposals of Comrade Enver Hoxha, the Party of Labour of Albania defined a series of norms and rules to test the admittance of new members to its ranks, to ensure that its ranks were filled only with those who meet the approval of the working people and who are the front-rank fighters of the class.

“The law of the Party in regard to its members,” said Comrade Enver Hoxha, “must be that all their life must be spent in battle and sacrifice, and this is a duty, a great honour for them. It is law, and becomes law for us communists that spiritually, until we die, we remain always revolutionary.”

One cardinal demand for the realization of democratic centralism and a basic factor to guarantee the leading role of the party is the political, ideological and organizational unity, the steel-like monolithic unity of the ranks of the Party. This demand for a single, Marxist-Leninist line, refutes all the Trotskyite, Maoist and liberal bourgeois conceptions of the party on the coexistence of two or many lines within the party. The Party of Labour of Albania, with Comrade Enver Hoxha at the head, has always regarded this unity as the basis of its strength and invincibility. Comrade Enver Hoxha has stressed: “It has never permitted the existence of factions in its ranks. It has always had one line, the Marxist-Leninist line, which it has defended with loyalty and has implemented with determination. Only the parties which renounce the revolution and the revolutionary struggle for the construction of socialism, which consequently have no need for unity, can advocate coexistence with ideological opponents within the ranks of the same party. The genuine Marxist-Leninist parties can discharge their mission and lead the proletariat towards the revolution and socialism precisely when they secure first and foremost a steel-like and fighting unity of their ranks, a unity of revolutionaries.”

One of the great merits of the Party of Labour of Albania, led by Comrade Enver Hoxha, is that it knew how to link the Party with the masses. During the fires of the National Liberation War, the Party of Labour of Albania achieved that to which every Marxist-Leninist
Party aspires, to be at the head of the masses and lead them on the path of revolution. In the construction of socialism, the PLA has mobilized the masses of the people to take part in the direction of the country.

Defence and Enrichment of the Marxist-Leninist Theory on the Revolution

Comrade Enver Hoxha was the architect of the National Liberation War, with its political wing, the National Liberation Front, and its military wing, the National Liberation Army. In this activity, Comrade Enver Hoxha remained loyal to the Marxist-Leninist theory on the revolution, and implemented it in the practice of the anti-imperialist and democratic revolution and in the socialist revolution in Albania.

Carrying out the revolution in the conditions of waging the war against fascism, Comrade Enver Hoxha linked the war for national liberation from the fascist yoke with the struggle for the establishment of the people’s power and socialism. This constituted a new historical experience of revolution.

One of the first problems which confronted the Communist Party of Albania (today the Party of Labour of Albania) on its founding was to correctly define and characterize the struggle of the people at that moment. In its founding resolution, the CPA correctly characterized the principal contradiction following the fascist occupation. Comrade Enver Hoxha stressed:

“In the new situation the internal sharp contradictions have passed over to the second place, and the main thing was the foreign contradictions between the Albanian people who were fighting for freedom, their independence and sovereignty, and the Italian and German occupiers who had violated our country. Consequently, the struggle must have an anti-fascist liberation character.”

From the very beginning, Comrade Enver Hoxha repudiated the erroneous views according to which the national liberation war should not be organized, but rather a socialist revolution in the future, only after the creation and growth of an Albanian proletariat as a result of the capitalist development which fascism would bring.

Comrade Enver Hoxha also stressed the marked democratic and class content of the anti-fascist struggle. The Party could not allow the fruits of the people’s struggle to be appropriated by others. Therefore, through its leadership, the Party knew how to give the anti-fascist struggle the character of a people’s revolution, which laid the grounds for the establishment of the dictatorship of the proletariat immediately after the liberation of the country, for the uninterrupted development of the anti-fascist, democratic revolution into the socialist revolution.

In this way, Comrade Enver Hoxha implemented the thesis of Lenin on the transformation of the bourgeois democratic revolution into the proletarian revolution. As early as 1943, Comrade Enver Hoxha pointed out:

“Currently the Albanian Communist Party is at the head of the front for the liberation of the country and for a democratic Albania. This is the first phase of our struggle. This does not mean that we are not working to prepare the second phase. The first phase prepares the dictatorship of the proletariat.”

In these conditions, Comrade Enver Hoxha and the Communist Party of Albania (today the Party of Labour of Albania) established the organisms which would embody the people’s power. In the first place, the CPA and Comrade Enver Hoxha stressed that it was only the armed struggle of the people which would liberate the country. This armed struggle became a line of demarcation, which brought the revolutionary forces to the forefront and which isolated the quislings and collaborators with the fascist occupation. The political unity of the people established in the heat of the liberation war created the conditions for the establishment of the organs of people’s power and blocked the efforts of various reactionary forces, such as the Balli Kombetar, to seize the fruits of victory through the old organs of state power, organs which had become instruments of the fascist occupation and rule. The creation of the Party-people unity and the people’s state power, two great achievements of the National Liberation War, are described and analyzed in Comrade Enver Hoxha’s last book Laying the Foundations of the New Albania, which points the way to defend and further strengthen Socialist Albania.

With the triumph of the anti-feudal, anti-imperialist and democratic revolution in Albania, the socialist revolution commenced, opening a new epoch in the history of Albania, during which the Party of Labour of Albania opened new roads and paths for the construction of socialist society according to the principles of Marxism-Leninism. The triumph of the socialist revolution in Albania was not an end in itself, but part of the world revolutionary process. Comrade Enver Hoxha and the PLA have always considered the construction of socialism as an internationalist task, a contribution to world revolution.

Generalizing from the experience of the revolution in Albania, and basing himself on a scientific, Marxist-Leninist analysis of the present-day political, economic, social and cultural reality of the capitalist and revisionist world, and analyzing the profound contradictions between labour and
capital, between the peoples and imperialism, and the inter-imperialist contradictions. Comrade Enver Hoxha drew the conclusion that the Leninist theory of imperialism retains its full validity. Comrade Enver Hoxha drew the important conclusion that the national liberation, anti-imperialist, democratic, and proletarian revolutions are components of a single world revolutionary process for the destruction of the world imperialist system. These conclusions are of first-rate importance in our time.

**Comrade Enver Hoxha’s Contribution on the Construction of Socialism**

Under the leadership of Comrade Enver Hoxha and the Party of Labour of Albania, the Albanian people embarked on the path of socialist construction. At the end of the war, Albania was faced with the ravages of war, a country without industry, capital or trained specialists. Many problems faced the country: the eradication of the leftovers of feudalism; ending the economic dependence of the country on foreign capital and imperialism; making the radical transformations in the whole social structure, to eliminate the economic base of capitalism and build socialism. Guided by Enver Hoxha, the Party set the tasks for the industrialization of the country and the collectivization of agriculture, for the development of education and culture. On this course, the Albanian people built the economic base of socialism and embarked on the period of the complete construction of socialism.

In this period, Comrade Enver Hoxha and the Party of Labour of Albania solved a number of problems and further enriched and developed the Marxist-Leninist theory and revolutionary practice of the construction of socialism. In this period, the Albanian people faced the challenge of a new, powerful trend of modern revisionism, Khrushchovite revisionism, which denied the fundamental teachings of Leninism on the revolution and on socialist construction, embarking on the restoration of bourgeois political power and the capitalist system. In the face of this challenge, Comrade Enver Hoxha exposed this revisionist betrayal and smashed it, and carried out a profound analysis of the causes of its emergence, taking measures to block the path of such a retrogression in Albania.

The fact that Albania stands today as the only socialist country in the world testifies to the correctness of the analyses made and the measures taken to defend Marxism-Leninism and the socialist road. This constitutes a contribution of inestimable value to the treasury of Marxism-Leninism and the practice of revolution.

On the basis of the conclusions drawn from the analysis of modern revisionism, a programme for the further revolutionization of the Party and the state, education and culture, the people’s consciousness and world outlook and the entire life of the country was carried out. One of the most important conclusions of Comrade Enver Hoxha and the PLA, of great theoretical and practical importance, was that the class struggle continues under the conditions of socialism, contrary to the claims of the revisionists that after the liquidation of the exploiting classes, the class struggle comes to an end. Comrade Enver Hoxha and the PLA point out that the strengthening of the Party people unity is a new motor force in socialism, for waging the class struggle and overcoming both antagonistic and non-antagonistic contradictions which continue to exist under socialism. Only with the complete victory of communism will the bases for the restoration of capitalism be finally eradicated.

Comrade Enver Hoxha and the PLA have also defended the Leninist theory on the necessity for the maintenance and continuous strengthening of the dictatorship of the proletariat throughout the entire historical period of transition from capitalism to communism, refuting the theories of the Khrushchovite revisionists on the so-called “state of the whole people”.

In the fields of the ideological and the cultural revolution, too, the PLA and Comrade Enver Hoxha have provided a new experience to the treasury of Marxism-Leninism, and have drawn the conclusion about the necessity for the victory of the socialist revolution in the field of ideology in order to secure victory in the political and economic sphere.

One of the most important contributions of the PLA and Comrade Enver Hoxha has been in the implementation of the principle of self-reliance, both in revolution and in socialist construction. Through the consistent application of this principle, the Albanian people have resisted all the pressure and blackmail of the imperialists and revisionists, who hoped to impose their hegemonic aims on Albania through their “aid”. This stand allowed the Albanians to stand against the pressure of the Anglo-American imperialists and the Titoites at the end of the Second World War. It permitted Albania to reject the “recommendations” and “advice” of the Titoite and Khrushchovite revisionists, who sought to impose a new colonial dependence on the country. The Albanian experience in the implementation of the principle of self-reliance has smashed all the imperialist-revisionist propaganda that a people cannot develop on an independent path, by standing on their own feet, but must come under the tutelage of others.

Another important experience of
Albania in the construction of socialism is the experience in the continuous perfection of the relations of production, continuously developing the socialist social relations of production in conformity with the development of the productive forces. Thus, both the theory of productive forces of the old opportunists and the theories of the Khrushchovites which see the relations of production only as a form of development of the productive forces, were profoundly refuted, and the path was opened for the strengthening of the socialist order, and the creation of revolutionary, Marxist-Leninist consciousness of the masses of the people.

The Struggle of Comrade Enver Hoxha and the PLA Against Modern Revisionism

One of the most brilliant pages in the history of the PLA and the work of Comrade Enver Hoxha is the struggle against modern revisionism. This was a valuable contribution, not only to the defence of the victories of the revolution and socialist construction in Albania, but to the defence of Marxism-Leninism and the principles of proletarian internationalism, to the advance of the revolution and cause of socialism on the world scale.

Comrade Enver Hoxha’s work on the struggle against modern revisionism represents a great theoretical treasury and a broad experience of political struggle.

In his work, Comrade Enver Hoxha affirms the Marxist-Leninist teachings on the social conditions which give rise to revisionism, and to the specific conditions which gave birth to modern revisionism. Modern revisionism is a component part of the ideology of imperialism, a strategy which it adopted after the Second World War, in the service of counter-revolution.

One of the bases upon which modern revisionism of the Titoite, Khrushchovite and other varieties established itself was the speculation concerning the changed character of imperialism as a result of the Second World War. Far from calling for the strengthening of the offensive of the proletariat and peoples against the bourgeoisie and imperialism, the modern revisionists called for rapprochement with imperialism, for the liquidation of the national liberation and proletarian revolutions, put the peaceful and parliamentary road to socialism in place of the revolutionary struggle of the people, etc. Comrade Enver Hoxha pointed out:

“Modern revisionism which is the continuation of the anti-Marxist theories of the parties of the Second International, of European social-democracy, adapted itself to the times after the Second World War. It has its source in the hegemonic policy of American imperialism. All the variants and currents of modern revisionism have the same bases and the same strategy, and differ only in the tactics which they apply and the forms of struggle which they use.”

In all their analyses and clashes, the PLA and Comrade Enver Hoxha have always raised the fundamental questions of revolutionary theory and practice, the principles and laws of Marxism-Leninism. In assessing the stands of the Titoites, the Khrushchovites, the Chinese revisionists, the Eurocommunists and other variants of modern revisionism, the PLA and Comrade Enver Hoxha, have based their judgements on such fundamental questions as the stand towards the revolution and socialism, imperialism and revisionism, the revolutionary and liberation movement, the principles of proletarian internationalism. Comrade Enver Hoxha has made a brilliant defence of the Leninist theory of the revolution and exposed with convincing arguments and many facts the distortions created by the revisionists and the opportunist theories they concocted.

Comrade Enver Hoxha waged this battle openly in various forums, such as the historic meeting of 81 parties in November 1960, where he exposed the manoeuvres and revisionist practices of Khrushchov.

Comrade Enver Hoxha exposed in an all-round, profound and scientific manner the “theories” which pose as a new, higher development of the Marxist-Leninist doctrine, as a more appropriate strategy for the transition from capitalism to socialism, or the most effective programme for the construction of socialism. He exposed the Yugoslav theories about the so-called spontaneous march towards socialism, Khrushchov’s peaceful road, the Chinese revisionist theory of “three worlds”, the Eurocommunists’ defence of the capitalist system and bourgeois democracy, etc.

In waging this titanic struggle in defence of the purity of Marxism-Leninism, Comrade Enver Hoxha produced a number of outstanding works which have further enriched the treasury of Marxism-Leninism, works such as Yugoslav “Self-Administration” — a Capitalist Theory and Practice, The Titoites, The Khrushchovites, Imperialism and the Revolution, Eurocommunism is Anti-Communism, Reflections on China, as well as other important works, Congress reports, etc.

The struggle against modern revisionism called for a clear-cut stand towards imperialism. The attitude towards imperialism is a touchstone to distinguish revolutionaries from counter-revolutionaries. The sound Marxist-Leninist analyses and exposures of modern revisionism have always had at their centre the
question of the stand towards imperialism, the opposition to the capitulation to imperialism and the rapprochement and collaboration with imperialism by all the trends of modern revisionism. The clear-cut opposition to all illusions about the concessions to American or Soviet imperialism, or other imperialist powers, is a line of demarcation in the works of Comrade Enver Hoxha.

Comrade Enver Hoxha made profound and penetrating analyses of the present-day international situation. His works, such as the reports to the Seventh and Eighth Congresses of the PLA, *Reflections on the Middle East, Imperialism and the Revolution*, and other works, are a fiery and scientific defence of the consistent anti-imperialist, revolutionary stand based on Marxism-Leninism.

Along with the question of the stand towards imperialism, the emergence of modern revisionism also posed the problem of socialist construction. This complicated struggle required the exposure of the reality in the Soviet Union, which has been transformed into a capitalist society, as well as the exposure of the imperialist propaganda which attributed the failures of the Soviet Union to a failure of socialism, when in reality, it was the failure of the bourgeois society. The Khrushchovites represented the most thoroughgoing variant of modern revisionism, with a fully elaborated system of views, as well as the most dangerous, as it postures as “socialist”, speculating on the heritage of socialism of Lenin and Stalin.

Comrade Enver Hoxha led a merciless struggle against Soviet revisionism and in defence of Marxism-Leninism, the revolution and socialism, as well as fighting against the social-imperialist course on which the capitalist Soviet Union embarked. Speaking at the Seventh Congress of the PLA, Comrade Enver Hoxha pointed out: “Time has proved that the theses of the 20th Congress (of the CPSU) were neither ‘simple ideological distortions’ nor erroneous assessments of situations. The ‘Khrushchovite theories’ represented a consciously chosen course for the elimination of the dictatorship of the proletariat and the restoration of capitalism, ideological and political means specifically chosen for the transformation of the Soviet Union into an imperialist state and the removal of obstacles to the implementation of the policy of great power chauvinism.”

The struggle of Comrade Enver Hoxha against modern revisionism played a very important role in the emergence and development of the new Marxist-Leninist Communist Movement. The struggle waged by Comrade Enver Hoxha and the PLA provided full support to the emergence of the new Marxist-Leninist Communist Parties and worked tirelessly for the unity and strengthening of the International Marxist-Leninist Communist Movement. This work is held in the highest esteem by our Party and the other Marxist-Leninist Communist Parties which have received this internationalist assistance to push forward the cause of the revolution and socialism.

* * *

Comrade Enver Hoxha stands as the foremost Marxist-Leninist revolutionary thinker and man of action in our times. He was the disciple and direct continuing of the work of Marx, Engels, Lenin and Stalin. He further enriched the treasury of Marxism-Leninism, displaying complete fidelity to the principles of Marxism-Leninism and consummate skill in implementing these principles in the concrete national and international conditions. His death is an immeasurable loss to the world proletariat; his work a legacy of lasting significance to the advance of the cause of the proletariat for the victory of revolution and socialism on the world scale.

The results of his work are seen today in the strength, vitality and continuous advance of Socialist Albania, the only socialist country in the world, which is marching forward on the socialist road, confident, without any crisis, unemployment, inflation, spiritual or cultural devastation or any other ills of capitalist society. The results of his work are seen in the new International Marxist-Leninist Communist Movement which has emerged tempered in the struggle against modern revisionism of all hues, armed with the Marxist-Leninist theory and the experience of the revolutionary proletariat and peoples, advancing on the road of revolution and socialism, for the common cause of the workers and oppressed of all lands. The results of his work are seen in the important works he contributed to the treasury of Marxism-Leninism, works which are permeated with Marxist-Leninist thought, which bring to the fore the present-day reality, trends and contradictions, and forces in combat and which inspire and guide the peoples in their revolutionary struggles. The victories which Albania has won under the leadership of the PLA with Comrade Enver Hoxha at the head are victories of the international proletariat, which we defend as the apple of our eye, as an internationalist duty and honour and integral work for the victory of our common cause.

Glory to the Brilliant and Immortal Work of Comrade Enver Hoxha!
Long Live the Party of Labour of Albania!
Long Live the People’s Socialist Republic of Albania!
Glory to Marxism-Leninism!
GLORY TO THE BRILLIANT AND IMMORTAL WORK OF COMRADE ENVER HOXHA!

Comrade Enver Hoxha amongst the Korça youth (1938) where he began his revolutionary activity in Albania upon his return from studying abroad.

Comrade Enver Hoxha led the big anti-fascist demonstration in Tirana, on October 28, 1941, just weeks before the founding of the Party on November 8, a demonstration which was the touchstone for the unity of the Albanian communists.

Comrade Enver Hoxha, the founder of the glorious Party of Labour of Albania, the organizer and leader of the National Liberation War and of the people’s revolution, the architect of the new socialist Albania. Photo above shows Comrade Enver Hoxha in 1941. Painting at right: “The Founding of the Party.”
Comrade Enver Hoxha was the initiator and organizer of the historic Conference of Peza held in September 1942, where for the first time the Albanian people achieved a fighting unity on the basis of a platform which expressed their desires and genuine national aspirations, the unity which withstood the savage forces of the fascist occupiers and traitors to the country. Photo at top shows him with Myslim Peza at the Conference. Photo above shows the house where the Conference was held.

The creation of the people's power and the new Albanian state, born in the National Liberation War, have their roots in the revolutionary thinking and leadership of Comrade Enver Hoxha. The painting depicts Comrade Enver Hoxha addressing the meeting of the National Liberation General Council in Labinot in July 1943, which formed the General Staff to organize the Albanian National Liberation Army to enable the people's struggle to be better armed, organized and successful in achieving its military and political objectives. Comrade Enver Hoxha was elected political commissar of the General Staff.

Comrade Enver Hoxha at the Conference of Labinot (the 2nd National Liberation Conference) which he led in September 1943. The conference proclaimed the national liberation councils the only power in the country and declared the general uprising against the German occupiers and traitors and the establishment of the state power of the national liberation councils as the order of the day.
The photos above show scenes from the winter offensive of 1943-44. This was one of the Party’s most difficult tests, but in face of the Party—people unity, all of the attempts of the nazi enemy to smash the Party and its leadership failed. Photo on top shows a shock brigade. Photo above shows Comrade Enver Hoxha (far left) during the offensive.

Photos show from top to bottom: one of the national liberation councils holding a meeting; a group of partisans.

Comrade Enver Hoxha delivering the report to the Congress of Permet in May 1944, the congress which created the state of people’s democracy in the form of a provisional people’s democratic government.
“All the delegates, happy, smiling and full of joy, opened the way for us by lining up ... and we passed between them as though we were reviewing the guard of honour comprised of young men and women partisans facing one another saluting arms.” (Enver Hoxha, writing on the First Congress of the Anti-Fascist Youth Union, Helmës, August 1944).

In late May 1944, as Commander-in-chief of the ANLA, Comrade Enver Hoxha gave the order for the general offensive for the complete liberation of Albania from the German invaders and reactionaries. Photo shows him detailing the plan of the ANLA’s offensive, in the summer of 1944.

Comrade Enver Hoxha addressing the Berat meeting held in October 1944, which transformed the Anti-Fascist National Liberation Committee elected at Permet into the Provisional Democratic Government of the new Albanian state.

Comrade Enver Hoxha addressing the population of Tirana on November 28, 1944.

The triumphant march of the National Liberation Army into Tirana on November 28, 1944, the eve of the complete liberation of the homeland and the victory of the people's revolution.
Firmly relying on Marxism-Leninism, and being intimately acquainted with the centuries-old suffering and aspirations of the patriotic peasantry, Comrade Enver Hoxha gave fundamental instructions for the collectivization and modernization of agriculture. In the photo: Comrade Enver Hoxha talking with a peasant in the early days of the Agrarian Reform launched in 1945.

On behalf of the Constituent Assembly, Comrade Enver Hoxha announces the formation of the People’s Republic of Albania on January 11, 1946.

Addressing the Paris Peace Conference in September 1946, Comrade Enver Hoxha defended Albania’s sovereignty, fought for war reparations and other just demands and firmly repulsed territorial demands being made against Albania by imperialism and reaction.

Comrade Enver Hoxha addressing the First Congress of the Communist Party of Albania in 1948 — a congress which exposed and condemned the hostile interference of the Yugoslav revisionists and established the fundamental orientation for socialist construction and the further consolidation of the people’s power.

Comrade Enver Hoxha waged a titanic struggle against modern revisionism, and defended the teachings of Marx, Engels, Lenin and Stalin against opportunist distortions with tremendous purpose at every moment and in every situation. He defended the work of the great Marxist-Leninist, J.V. Stalin, against the perfidious attacks of imperialism and modern revisionism. At the historic meeting of 81 parties in November 1960, Comrade Enver Hoxha pointed out: “We should all defend the good and immortal work of Stalin. He who does not do so is an opportunist and a coward.” Photo shows Comrade Enver Hoxha with J.V. Stalin in Moscow in 1947.
Comrade Enver Hoxha drafted and worked out the programme of magnificent transformations and of the construction of the new socialist society. Above: Comrade Enver Hoxha discusses the great project of electrification of the country in the early post-war years. The entire country was electrified by October 1970. The correctness of the road laid down by the Party on collectivization and modernization of agriculture is clearly evident in the reality of the cooperativist village today.
The fact that today Albania is an advanced socialist country developing on the basis of its own forces, the homeland of a people liberated from every kind of social and spiritual oppression, a country of democracy and well-being for all, of education and culture for the broad masses of the people — this is the merit of the struggle waged by the Albanian people with the Party and Comrade Enver Hoxha at the head. Left: inauguration of the Durrës-Tirana railway, built in 1949. Centre: the inauguration of the University of Tirana, now the Enver Hoxha University of Tirana, in 1957, the first university in Albania. Right: in a discussion with cultural performers.

The collectivization and modernization of agriculture — one of the greatest achievements of the Party of Labour of Albania with Comrade Enver Hoxha at the head.

The oil refinery at Balsh — one of the monumental projects which provides a powerful base for the all-round economic and social development.

One of the most brilliant pages in the history of the PLA and the work of Comrade Enver Hoxha has been the resolute struggle waged against modern revisionism. Photo shows Comrade Enver Hoxha delivering the Report to the 4th Congress of the PLA in 1961, a congress which among other things prepared the Party for a general ideological assault against modern revisionism headed by Khrushchovite modern revisionism.

Comrade Enver Hoxha delivering the speech to the 7th Congress of the Party of Labour of Albania in 1977. Among other things, this congress dwelt especially on the criticism of the anti-Marxist views and stands of Chinese revisionism, as well as other revisionisms.
As a genuine internationalist, Comrade Enver Hoxha tirelessly supported the new Marxist-Leninist parties and their revolutionary struggle. The photo above shows him meeting with delegates of the fraternal Marxist-Leninist Communist parties during a reception held for the sister parties at the premises of the Central Committee of the PLA during the Eighth Congress of the PLA in 1981. Right: Comrade Enver Hoxha together with Comrade Hardial Bains, First Secretary of the Central Committee of the Communist Party of Canada (Marxist-Leninist), at the Eighth Congress of the PLA.

The photo above appears at the frontispiece of his work The Titoites. Comrade Enver Hoxha's works, such as Imperialism and the Revolution, The Khrushchovites, Reflections on China, Eurocommunism is Anti-Communism, The Titoites, Reflections on the Middle East, and Laying the Foundations of the New Albania, his reports to the congresses of the PLA and many others, are an important contribution to the defence of Marxism-Leninism and the principles of proletarian internationalism.

Comrade Enver Hoxha ranks amongst those outstanding revolutionaries who have made a brilliant and special contribution to the development of the Marxist-Leninist theoretical thinking that affects all the questions of the revolution and construction of socialism. The photo shows a scene from the Scientific Conference on the Marxist-Leninist Theoretical Thought of the PLA and Comrade Enver Hoxha, held in October 1983 in Tirana.

Photos show Comrade Enver Hoxha at the November 29 celebrations in Tirana in 1984 on the occasion of the 40th anniversary of the complete liberation of Albania and the triumph of the people's revolution.

Comrade Enver Hoxha and other Party and state leaders on the central tribune.
Communique on the Meeting of the 11th Plenum of the Central Committee of the Party of Labour of Albania

On April 13, 1985, at 5:30 p.m., the 11th Plenum of the Central Committee of the Party of Labour of Albania assembled to honour and perpetuate the name and immortal work of the leader of the Party, Comrade Enver Hoxha. The Plenum observed two minutes silence in the memory of the First Secretary of the Central Committee of the Party of Labour of Albania. The Plenum was addressed by Comrade Ramiz Alia. He spoke about the outstanding life and work of Comrade Enver Hoxha as a great revolutionary and Marxist-Leninist who faithfully defended and developed the teachings of Marx, Engels, Lenin and Stalin, as the founder, organizer and leader of the Party, the organizer and strategist of the National Liberation War and the people’s revolution, the creator and leader of the state power of the dictatorship of the proletariat, the architect of socialism, the founder and General Commander of our armed forces, the most cherished son and magnificent historic figure of our people and nation, who dedicated his entire life for the country, the people, the homeland and the cause of communism. To perpetuate the name and work of Comrade Enver Hoxha, the Plenum adopted the respective decisions. The Plenum unanimously elected Comrade Ramiz Alia First Secretary of the Central Committee of the Party of Labour of Albania.


(Radio Tirana, April 13, 1985)

Decisions of the 11th Plenum of the Central Committee of the Party of Labour of Albania on the Perpetuation of the Name and Work of Comrade Enver Hoxha

The 11th Plenum of the Central Committee of the Party of Labour of Albania, assembled on April 13, 1985, to perpetuate the name and work of Comrade Enver Hoxha, First Secretary of the Central Committee of the Party of Labour of Albania, Chairman of the General Council of the Democratic Front of Albania, General Commander of the Armed Forces of the People’s Socialist Republic of Albania, the great and glorious leader of our Party and people, decided: 1) to erect a memorial to Comrade Enver Hoxha in the capital of the homeland, Tirana, in the city of his birth, Gjirokastra, and in the city of Korça. 2) The University of Tirana will assume the name The Enver Hoxha University of Tirana. 3) The Pioneers’ Organization will assume the name The Pioneers of Enver. 4) The port of Durres will assume the name The Enver Hoxha Seaport of Durres. 5) The agricultural enterprise with its centre in Plasa in the district of Korça will assume the name The Enver Hoxha Agricultural Enterprise. The Council of Ministers of the People’s Socialist Republic of Albania is charged with the implementation of this decision.


(Radio Tirana, April 13, 1985.)

Decision of the 11th Plenum of the Central Committee of the Party of Labour of Albania on the Election of the First Secretary of the Central Committee of the Party of Labour of Albania

On the proposal of the Political Bureau of the Central Committee of the Party of Labour of Albania, the 11th Plenum of the Central Committee of the Party of Labour of Albania unanimously decided to elect Comrade Ramiz Alia, member of the Political Bureau and Secretary of the Central Committee of the Party of Labour of Albania, First Secretary of the Central Committee of the Party of Labour of Albania.


(Radio Tirana, April 13, 1985.)
Brief biography of Comrade Ramiz Alia

As Comrade Enver Hoxha himself has described him, Comrade Ramiz Alia has been one of his most distinguished collaborators, both during the National Liberation War and in the epoch of the construction of socialism in Albania.

Comrade Ramiz Alia was born in 1925 in the city of Shkodra, the son of a poor family. As early as when he was a pupil, he actively took part in the anti-fascist national liberation movement as a member of the Communist Youth Organization which he joined at its founding. At the beginning of 1945 he became a member of the Communist Party of Albania, today the Party of Labour of Albania. During the war for national liberation from the yoke of the nazi-fascists, the Party charged Comrade Ramiz Alia with important responsibilities in the leadership of the Communist Youth Organization.

Later on, at nineteen years of age, he was entrusted with tasks of political and military responsibility in the leadership of the 7th Partisan Shock Brigade, in the Second Division and as Commissar of the Fifth Division of the Albanian National Liberation Army, which on the order of the General Commander of the National Liberation Partisan Army, Comrade Enver Hoxha, fought against fascism on the territory of Yugoslavia too.

In August 1944, at the First Congress of the Anti-Fascist Albanian Youth, Comrade Ramiz Alia was elected member of the Secretariat of the Youth Organization and later on, in November 1948, he was elected First Secretary of the Central Committee of the Labour Youth Union of Albania. Since the First Congress of the Party in November 1948 onwards, Comrade Ramiz Alia has been elected member of the Central Committee of the Party of Labour of Albania.

At the Third Congress of the Party in May 1956, he was elected a Candidate Member of the Political Bureau of the Central Committee of the Party of Labour of Albania. At the Fourth Congress of the Party in February 1961, he was elected Member of the Political Bureau and Secretary of the Central Committee of the Party.

Comrade Ramiz Alia, a close co-fighter and collaborator with Comrade Enver Hoxha, is a distinguished political and social personality and statesman. Beginning at the Second Legislature and ever since, he has been elected Deputy to the People’s Assembly. He has held the post of Minister of Education and Culture. He is the Vice-Chairman of the General Council of the Democratic Front of Albania. At the Tenth Legislature of the People’s Assembly, Comrade Ramiz Alia was elected President of the Presidium of the People’s Assembly of the People’s Socialist Republic of Albania.

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P.O. Box 727, Adelaide Station, Toronto, Ontario M5C 2J8
SOLEMN MEMORIAL MEETINGS

To Commemorate the Life and Immortal Work of Comrade Enver Hoxha

ONTARIO
TORONTO:
April 21, 6:00 p.m.
62 Claremont St.,
(5 blocks west of Bathurst,
2 north of Queen).

GUELPH:
April 22, 7:00 p.m.
Karl Marx Study Centre,
Rm. 216, University Centre
University of Guelph

KITCHENER-WATERLOO:
April 23, 7:00 p.m.

WINDSOR:
April 24, 12:30 p.m.
Conference Rm. 123,
University Centre,
University of Windsor

HAMILTON:
April 25, 7:00 p.m.
Hamilton Public Library,
Room 215, 55 York Rd.

SUDbury:
April 26, 7:30 p.m.
President Motor Hotel,
99 Elm St. W., Rm. 201

ST. CATHARINES:
April 27, 11:00 a.m.
The Dean’s Meeting Rm.,
Brock University

LONDON:
April 27, 3:00 p.m.
London Public Library,
Room 2, 305 Queens Ave.

QUEBEC

MONTREAL:
April 21, 1:00 p.m.
6923 Park Ave., 2nd Fl.,
(Take metro to Jean Talon, then bus 92 west).

SHERBROOKE:
April 24, 7:30 p.m.
Cegep de Sherbrooke,
Pavillon 3, local 31-164

OTTAWA-HULL:
April 25, 1:00 p.m.
Simard Hall, Rm. 135
University of Ottawa,
65 Waller

THREE RIVERS:
April 26, 7:30 p.m.

QUEBEC CITY:
April 28, 7:30 p.m.
Auberge des Gouverneurs,
690 E. Blvd. St-Cyrille,
Salon Duquesne

BRITISH COLUMBIA

VANCOUVER:
April 28, 2:00 p.m.
5880 Main Street

ALBERTA

EDMONTON:
April 28, 3:00 p.m.
The Northwoods Inn,
10155 - 105th Street

MANITOBA

WINNIPEG:
April 26, 8:00 p.m.
469 Magnus Ave.

NOVA SCOTIA

HALIFAX:
April 19, 7:30 p.m.
Student Union Bldg.,
Rm. 316
Dalhousie University,
University Avenue

Organized by the Communist Party of Canada (Marxist-Leninist),
P.O. Box 666, Station C, Montreal, Quebec H2L 4L5
tel.: (514) 522-1373.